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THE WEEKLY GAZETTE

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 61f.

U. S. Bonds at Frankfort, 85.

A SHARP DECLINE in the gold market is predicted.

GOLD closed in New York Saturday at 129⅜@129½.

CRUDE OIL at New York.....19c.
" " " Philadelphia.....24c.

THE ANNUAL REPORT of the Postmaster General will recommend the abolition of the franking privilege and of the letter-box delivery. He will ask for the delivery of all matter through carriers or general delivery at the offices; also, for a reduction of rates on registered letters. The deficiency of the year will be small, showing a desirable improvement in the finances of the Department. The total value of stamps sold during the year was $15,078,000.

THE REPORT of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs will take strong ground against the practice of making treaties with the red men. But three, of the ten members of the Peace Commission, have visited the territories, and the Commissioner has to regret the omission. Only one fifth of the appropriation for their expenses has been drawn from the Treasury. The year has witnessed a marked improvement in the condition of affairs on the plains, under the operations of the humane policy which has been adopted. The Report also discloses another fact which is faithfully in keeping with all the other current evidences that this is an Administration honestly committed to retrenchment and reform. A considerable part of the two millions appropriated to feed those Indians with whom no treaties were made, still remains in the Treasury. Nothing of that sort has been heretofore known in the experience of the Bureau.

WEST VIRGINIA has chosen another Republican Legislature, but with majorities somewhat reduced from last year, when we had 19 of the 22 Senators, and 41 of the 56 Representatives. Among the Representatives now chosen is ex-Governor Pierpoint, from Marion. Mr. J. S. Carlile has probably been beaten in Harrison. Our majority in the new Legislature will contain a liberal sprinkling of Republicans who favor the removal of existing restrictions upon disfranchised rebels, but probably not enough to ensure the absolute control of legislation. Nor would this, perhaps, be desirable. The party should be a unit on that question, and the friends of political progress will not wisely force the desired advance upon a respectably numerous minority. Discussion will do good. The principles which, since the inauguration of the movement in Ohio county a few weeks since, have commended themselves so powerfully to the popular judgment in this brief period as to win an effective endorsement in the election of so large an element of the new Legislature, are not likely to lose ground if judiciously supported hereafter. When they shall secure a nearly unanimous support from the Republican members, it will be safe for the public to rely upon the permanence of the more liberal opinions as a fixed element in the Republican policy of the State. The forcing powers would not promise so well, especially in view of the very uncertain state of more than one West Virginia politician whose name has been frequently mentioned of late. These persons may, or may not, be potent for mischief, tho' it is not easy to imagine any positive benefit to be conferred by them at present upon the Republican party. We would not think it wise to arm them, needlessly, with apologies for fresh political treacheries. A policy of wise and timely concessions, of Republicans to each other, and of the whole organization to the clearly manifest interest, both material and political, of the State, will disarm hereafter a menacing opposition, unmask false friends, and confirm a healthy and always defensible Republican preponderance in its public councils. It is in this light the situation there appears to the external judgment. The old maxim that "union is strength" has a peculiarly forcible application just now to West Virginian politics, as viewed from abroad.

A SPEECH FROM GEN. SIGEL.

The New York *Times* gives a sketch of the speech of Gen. SIGEL at the City Ratification Meeting of the German Republicans, on the 29th, as follows:

Gen. Franz Sigel was then introduced to the meeting amid great cheering. He said that the principles of right and justice were on the side of the meeting assembled. The American people was the union of nations. All citizens, of whatever nationality, were equally entitled to rule this country as a consequence of the political and social liberty of this country. The American people were going back now to the principles of the Declaration of Independence after the slave power had been extinguished by the war. By and from the election of Abraham Lincoln the principle was practically settled that the majority was to rule this country. The war had become necessary, in order that, after settling the questions that caused it, the people of the United States might enjoy peace. The war had created the Thirteenth Amendment, Civil Rights Bill, Fourteenth Amendment, and now the Fifteenth Amendment was pending, preventing States from taking away the suffrage from any class of citizens. By this amendment full political equality would be created. The Syracuse platform declared that no distinction should be made any more on account of bodily appearance. The educational Department of the Freedmen's Bureau as existing in the South was necessary there for the public welfare, because it was the first duty of the State to take care of public education. Omitting to speak on the financial and other important questions, he would say that he was in favor of adopting the new Constitution, because the property clause would be removed by it and political equality would be recognized in that State. He approved the judicial clause and the clause with regard to militia officers in the new Constitution. Before the war the Germans had created a military material power in this country; and to-day, since the war they had also imparted stability, and now they wanted improved politics. The laws which they were to help to make the American people were to obey. The American citizens by doing justice to the adopted, because granting them political equality, were all citizens, native born and adopted, were sailing in the same ship for the common public welfare. The principles pronounced in 1776 had become practical only since the year 1861, and those who had helped in this work were being recognized by it now. This was the reason for his accepting the nomination. The result of the campaign, if successful, would benefit the country and its adopted citizens. The General retired amid the cheers of the meeting.

Louisville Tobacco Sales—Heavy Increase.

LOUISVILLE, October 30th.—The total amount sold during the year ending October 30th 1869 sums up, exclusive of private sales; 36,234 hogheads against 28,489 the year previous,—an increase of 7,745. The total value amounts to $4,851,585.85 against $3,206,704.98 last year. The stock on hand in warehouses sums up to 3,574 hogsheads.

—Gov. Warmouth, of Louisiana, has designated the 18th of November as a Day of Thanksgiving.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEWS BY CABLE.

Spanish Finances—Still Casting about for a King—London "Times" on the Irish Land Question—The French Emperor said to be again Ailing—The Dalmatia Insurreetion—Italy and the Ecumenical Council—Marine News, Markets, &c.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, October 30.—The paper found in a bottle off the coast of Cornwall reporting the loss of the German emigrant ship Weser, proves, on examination, to be a hoax.

The *Times*, in an article on the Irish land question, says: It is not our business to satisfy the Fenians; they would not be satisfied if Ireland was confiscated for their benefit. It is our business to do justice between two classes constituting the bone and sinew of Ireland, whose interests are identical, and to extirpate the most ancient root of Irish wrongs, two opposite sources of error must be remembered. It would be wise not to meddle with the land question at all, unless we effectually quiet the present tenants. At the same time it would be short-sighted to sacrifice the next generation. Ireland wants rest from agitation, but short lived rest must not be purchased by concessions pregnant with anarchy. In closing accounts with the past, it may be just and necessary to recognize proscriptive rights of doubtful origin, but it cannot be so to foster the growth of similar rights in the future.

The U. S. flagship Powhattan, Admiral Poor commanding, arrived.

SPAIN.

MADRID, October 29.—The government and people have experienced another ministerial crisis. The difficulty occurred directly on the question of the candidature of different parties for the throne, and the division caused by the votes of their different friends in the Ministry and Legislative bodies. Senors Silvela and Ardanczy resigned their portfolios.

A meeting of the Progressists was held last night for the purpose of naming a King, at which one hundred and ten delegates was for the Duke of Genoa, son of King Victor Emanuel. The Unionists will, however, vote against him. A meeting of the Monarchist party will be held this evening.

The chances of the Duke Montpensier are revived, and there appeared a probability of a national union with the Duke for king.

MADRID, October 30.—Senor Ardauz has laid the budget before the Cortes. The excess of receipts over expenditures are estimated at £100,000 sterling.

The poll tax is suppressed, and civil salaries are reduced twenty per cent., and clerical thirty per cent.

MADRID, October 31.—Senor Ardanoz, in his budget just submitted to the Cortes, announces that the financial deficit for the current year amounts to 82,000,000 reals. He looks forward with hope to the ensuing fiscal year, extending from January 1·70 to 1871, his estimates for which show, as before reputed, a surplus in favor of the treasury.

The prospects of the election of the Duke of Genoa to the throne of Spain continue to improve. The number of deputies in the Cortes known to be in his favor is increasing. Yesterday 110 members, among them Radicals, openly pronounced for him, but the majority of the people seem to be hostile to his election.

The merchants have presented a petition in favor of Duke Montpensier.

It is again reported that the Ministers Ardanzay and Silvila tendered their resignations.

It was officially announced in the Cortes yesterday by General Prim that Government hoped to withdraw, at an early day, the decree establishing martial law, but at present such a step could not be taken, because conspirators still remained at large, and cases of several rebel leaders were pending before Councils of War.

FRANCE.

PARIS, October 30.—A rumor is current that the Emperor is again indisposed.

Gen. Fleury, Minister to Russia, departed to-day for St. Petersburg.

PARIS, October 31.—The *Le Public* newspaper says the report that the Emperor is suffering from a relapse of his former illness is false. Friday the Emperor experienced some rheumatic pains, but on Saturday they had disappeared and the Emperor was quite well.

No meeting of the Ministerial Council has been held at Compiegne since the Emperor's return.

Prince Napoleon had an interview with the Emperor yesterday. This event, coupled with the sudden arrival of Emile Ollivier in Paris, has caused a revival of the rumors that ministerial changes are contemplated.

It is known out that one of the special objects of General Fleury's mission to St. Petersburg is to induce Russia to join the other great powers in a general disarmament.

SOUTH AMERICA.

LISBON, October 26.—The Regular mail steamer from South America ports has arrived, and bringing dates from Rio Janeiro to October 18th.

The session of the Brazilian chambers had been prorogued, after a month of rest, during which extensive preparations were made.

The allied forces in Paraguay had again been put in motion to attack Lopez at San Estanilaus.

GERMANY.

STUTTGART, October 30.—The Pope has summoned Father Hazel to Rome, instead of confirming his election to the bishopric of Rattenburg, probably on account of his action at the Fulda conference.

ITALY.

FLORENCE, October 31.—The Italian government reserves the right to reject the decision of the Ecumenical Council if opposed to the laws of the country and the spirit of the age.

AUSTRIA.

TRIESTE, October 30.—The military operations against the rebels in Dalmatia are suspended in consequence of heavy snows.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 30.—The Emperor of Russia will spend part of the winter at Cowes, Isle of Wight, and Nice, France.

MARINE NEWS.

GLASGOW, October 30.—The steamer Brittania has arrived here. The steamship Glasgow, from New York, has arrived. The steamer America, from Bremen, has also arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, October 30.—*Evening.*—Consols, 93⅛; Five-twenty bonds: 62's, 82⅝; 65's, 81½; 67's, 83; 10-40's, 76½. Erie, 21⅝; Illinois, 97¼; Atlantic and Great Western, 24½.

FRANKFORT, October 30.—U. S. Bonds firm and quiet at 88⅝@88⅝.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—Bourse dull. Rentes, 71f. 15c.

LIVERPOOL, October 30.—Cotton active; middling uplands 12d.@12⅛d.; Orleans 12⅛d.@12⅜d.; sales were made of 20,000 bales. California white wheat sold at, 10s. 5d.; red western 9s. 5d. and western, 9s. 6d. Western Flour 28s. 9d. Corn: mixed, 30s. 2d. Oats: 2s. 3d. Peas 35s. Pork 112s. 6d. Bacon 58s. 6d. Beef 86s. 6d. Lard quoted at 71s. Cheese 69s. 6d. Bacon 57s. for new.

HAVRE, October 30.—Cotton closed quiet both on spot and afloat.

LONDON, October 30.—Tallow 47s. 3d.

Calcutta Linseed Oil, 61s. 6d.@61s. 9d.

ANTWERP, October 30—Petroleum firm at 61.

HAVRE, October 30.—Cotton firm; on spot 147; afloat 136.

FRANKFORT, October 31.—Five twenty Bonds 85.

PARIS, October 31.—Bourse flat; Rentes declined 71f 10c.

Army of the Tennessee.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE, October 31.—Extensive preparations for the meeting of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee are being made here. The banquet which is to be given at the Galt House, will be on a scale of unparalleled magnificence. The most distinguished officers and civilians in the country will be in attendance.

NEW YORK CITY.

Gold Exchange Bank—New York Press Club Re-Union—Rumor Says Gen. Burnsideis to Succeed Butterfield—Private Advices from Europe.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, October 30, 1869.

The receivership of the Gold Exchange Bank has not yet been dissolved by Judge Cordozo, but will probably be on Monday. A meeting of representatives of the bank and of the Gold Board has been held to consider whether the bank shall continue the clearances of gold, but no definite conclusion has yet been reached. A proposition has been advanced that all the officers of the bank resign.

O. W. Joslyn who alleges he was a broker for Jas. Fiske and Jay Gould, and that he bought gold for them, and that they repudiated their contracts, was before the Police Court to-day on a charge of purjury brought by Fiske and Gould. Joslyn waived an examination and gave bail to answer any indictment the Grand Jury may find against him.

All suits brought by Caldwell, Ashwuth and Herrick against the Gold Exchange Bank were discontinued in the Supreme Court to-day, a satisfactory settlement having been made.

The first re-union of the season of the New York Press Club came off at the Astor House this evening. Capt. John R. Howell, agent of the New York State Associated Press, presided. The proceedings were quite informal, but so thoroughly pleasant and enjoyable, and the collation so excellent, that it was agreed to continue the gathering in the future at the Astor.

Gen. Carey, Bishop Quigley, and other clergymen, left for Europe to-day.

The case of Assistant Treasurer Butterfield obtained fresh interest to-day by the arrival from Washington of Solicitor Bonfield. There is a rumor that the Treasurer's office has been offered to Gen. Burnside.

Private letters from Europe show that the trouble in Dalmatia will prove to be of a serious nature. The insurgents are determined upon accomplishing their independence of Austria, which power will use her utmost endeavors to prevent any further loss of territory. It is rumored that Russia is covertly assisting the Dalmatians in order to weaken Austria.

The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to give public notice that the sale of gold and purchase of bonds will be continued without change during the month of November.

NEW YORK, October 30.—The *Herald's* St. Domingo correspondence, October 15, states that Gen. Babcock is still there gathering statistics and holding long interviews with President Baez from which the inference is drawn that annexation to the United States is under consideration.

Senor Lemus, the Cuban agent in this country, says the Junta did not appoint Captain Higgins to command of the Hornet; that the vessel having been presented to the Junta by certain parties who reserved the right to appoint her officers, the Junta suspect that Captain Higgins was guilty of treachery, as it is said his wife left New York when the Hornet sailed and went to Washington in time to meet her husband on his arrival there.

ST. LOUIS.

Further of the Stonewall Disaster—Dispatch from Capt. Taylor—The Wreck Still Burning—Thieves Carrying away the Freight—The Precise Longitude of St. Louis.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, October 31.—The *Republican* has received a dispatch from Capt. Taylor, one of the committee that left here last night for the wreck of the Stonewall which says: "No bodies found to-day. Those buried yesterday names unknown. Several persons picked up below here yesterday, alive, but I have not been able to learn their names. Wreck still burning. Freight in the hold uninjured, but being stolen rapidly. If the Board of Underwriters had sent a tug down $50,000 worth of property could have been saved. Whisky, pork and flour is going in every direction. The safe of the boat has been taken out and is in the hands of Judge Henderson Justice of the Peace. Capt. Scott, the first clerk, Elbert, and Mr. Dowiy, of New Orleans, are surely lost."

The friends and relatives of the lost by the Stonewall disaster are arriving at Neely's Landing. No bodies have yet risen to the surface of the river. Eight more are missing from the steamer put in operation, but with what result is not known. Explorations along the river bank for several miles have been made, but at last accounts no additional bodies had been found.

An elegant set of colors were presented to McCullough, the pugilist, last night. He is said to be in better condition than ever before, and his friends are sanguine that he will be victorious in the coming fight.

Mr. F. Fiake, of the United States Coast Survey, arrived here last evening for the purpose of determining the precise latitude and longitude of St. Louis, with the view of ascertaining the geographical position of the station near Alton, Illinois, at which observations of the eclipse, on August 7th, were made.

MEMPHIS.

County Fair—Exhibition of Cotton—Trotting Match.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MEMPHIS, Oct. 30.—The Shelby County Fair, which closed to-day, has been a grand success. The exhibition of cotton was never surpassed, near one hundred bales having been entered. The cotton factor's premium of $500, for the best bale of cotton raised in the State of Mississippi. The second do. of $250, to Messrs. M. and A. Collins, of Arkansas. The best two bales, $250, to W. E. Persons; second do, $150, to R. W. Jones; best three bales, $300, to W. F. Whitten; second do, J. H. Buall; best five bales, $750, W. Sigglestone, Yalobusha county, Mississippi; second do, W. B. McShane; best Tennessee bale, $200, Miss Maggie Barnes. The cotton exhibited will be sold at the Chamber of Commerce at auction.

The trotting match for $500 was won by "Morrissey," beating "Pilot," "Temple" and "Frank." Time: 2:35½, 2:32½, 2:32¾; 2:29, 2:32.

OSWEGO.

Railroad Accident—Several Persons Seriously Injured.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

OSWEGO, October 30.—A sleeping car attached to the Express train on the Oswego and Syracuse Railroad, due here at 8 o'clock this morning, was thrown from an embankment two miles this side of Fulton, by a broken rail. H. H. Vanslick, of New York, had his right collar bone broken, and sustained a scalp wound. John Van Waggoner, conductor, was seriously injured internally. O. Coydon, of this city, was slightly injured, and a lady, name unknown, was also slightly injured. The wounded were brought to this place. It is thought some are fatally wounded. The car was damaged considerably.

NEW ORLEANS.

The Levee—No Extra Session—Custom Receipts—Not Drowned.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, October 30. The Louisiana Commercial Convention Levee Committee met here and resolved to organize a stock company for levee building purposes.

Jeff. Davis has gone home to Mississippi.

Governor Warmouth says he will not call an extra session of the Legislature.

The custom receipts here for October were $536,000, an increase of $33,000 over any corresponding month since 1860.

Mr. Casey, of New Orleans, a relative of Gen. Grant, who was supposed to have been lost on the steamer Stonewall, was not on board.

LYNCHBURG.

Woman Found with Her Throat Cut—Child Thrown in the Fire by Its Nurse—Tobacco Seizure.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LYNCHBURG, VA., October 30.—Miss Raylor, aged 21, was found on Thursday, near Sharon, Bland county, with her throat cut. Her murderer is unknown.

A negro nurse of Henry Creecy, in Bedford county, threw Mr. Creecy's child into the fire yesterday. It was burned to death. The nurse was arrested.

Ford's tobacco factory was to-day seized by direct order from Washington, for alleged revenue frauds by means of counterfeit stamps.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

The Forthcoming Public Debt Exhibit—Will be Received—Fetached—White House Visitors—Fractional Currency—Suspicious Twenty five Cent Note—Goes on Duty.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 30, 1869.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT

The statement of the public debt, which will be published to-morrow, will show a decrease of $7,633,882,75, making a total decrease of debt since the first of March of $62,332,070 65, the principal of the coin debt remaining the same; interest of the coin debt has increased $9,811,-183 26; lawful money debt has decreased $2,905,000; interest has decreased $3,030,-250; matured debt has decreased, principal $132,710, interest $49,781; demand notes have decreased $1,385; fractional currency has increased $4,034,143 88; gold certificates have increased $4,318,800; coin in Treasury has increased $8,190,052 88; currency in Treasury has increased $689,-291, sinking fund has increased $2,134,-845; bonds awaiting action of Congress have increased $11,391,584; currency balance $7,248,295 24; coin balance $116,994,-711 69.

SUSPICIOUS QUARTER.

Treasurer Spinner received this morning for redemption a twenty-five cent note of the new issue which has the appearance of having been in circulation for some time, but does not bear the red seal upon its face fixed by the department. The note is upon genuine paper and printed from a genuine plate.

WILL BE RECEIVED.

The Committee appointed by Ex-President Filmore to wait upon President Grant and thank him on behalf of the late Louisville Commercial Convention for his telegram endorsing its object, will be received to-morrow.

REPORT COMPLETED.

The report of the Commissioners appointed to examine the Union and Central Pacific Railroad, is completed, and will be submitted to the Secretary of the Interior on Monday.

WILL PAY THEIR RESPECTS.

The officers of the army on duty in this city, will assemble at the war department on Monday morning in uniform, to pay their respects to the new Secretary of War.

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.

The receipts of fractional currency for the week were $12,106 00; shipments, $13,230 00; amount redeemed, $4,211 00.

VISITORS AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

A large number of visitors were at the White House to-day, the majority merely to pay their respects to the President.

DETACHED.

First Lieut. Wm. D. O'Toole has been detached as Prof. of Military Science at the Missouri State University.

GOES ON DUTY.

Gen Belknap will enter upon the duties of Secretary of War on Monday.

APPOINTMENT.

C. D. Smith is appointed Surveyor of Customs at Paducah.

DETROIT.

Free Traders in Detroit—Meeting and Speeches—League Formed—Protectionists Want to Debate the Question, but are Denied.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

DETROIT, Oct. 30.—This evening a very large and enthusiastic meeting of the leading citizens of Detroit was held at City Hall, to listen to addresses by Prof. Perry, of Williams College, Gen. Brinkerhoff, of Ohio, and Mahlon Sands, of New York, Secretary of the Free Trade League. Hon. Richard Hawley was called to the chair. Prof. Perry was introduced and was received with decided enthusiasm. He spoke eloquently for an hour upon the great evils of the existing tariffs, and the best means of effecting the much desired modification. Professor Perry announced in his opinion that a tariff is a tax and nothing else. It has nothing to give; it only demands. It is law and gospel, doctrine and precept; it is thou shalt pay, from its very nature. It is negative and not positive. It is a symbol, is minus and not plus. It has two general, two effects: First—to raise the price of foreign commodities. Second—to restrict the market for home commodities.

These two effects were illustrated at length. The speaker then proceeded to show that the tariff was for revenue and a protective tariff. For revenue tariff, the rates should be on a few articles, simple in form, collectable on effects, and generally at a low rate of duties, on fifteen or twenty articles of luxury and comfort. This will demonstrably realize all the revenue from customs the government needs, and thus allow an entire remission of duties on all raw materials, such as iron, wool, lumber, and others that enter into the production of goods. The remission of duties on most of the necessaries of life, such as salt, woolen shirts, cotton thread, blankets, and other things the price of which is enormously raised by the present rates of duty.

The principle of protection, so called, was then explained and illustrated, and shown to be—first, unjust in principle; second, iniquitous in practice; third, ultimately defeating its own ends. The speaker expressed confidence that such a system of monopoly and loss as our present tariff will not long be tolerated by the intelligent American people who love equality, and demand for all a fair field and no favors.

Prof. Perry was followed by General Brinkerhoff, of Ohio, in an exceedingly able and pertinent argument, intercepted with applause, in which he dwelt on the fallacies which could not be controverted, and showing conclusively how heavily and unjustly the tariff now in force is bearing upon the great masses.

Mr. Malone Sands, Secretary of the Free Trade League, also spoke briefly, setting forth the object and workings of the organization he represents.

Judge Walker offered a resolution thanking the distinguished gentleman who had addressed the meeting which was unanimously adopted. Brief addresses were also made by several citizens, after which a Committee, composed of Duncan Stewart, A. T. Bridge, Judge C. J. Walker, W. H. Craig and Wm. A. Butler, were appointed to organize a Free Trade League in this city.

The appointment of the committee was violently opposed by the Protectionists in the audience, who asked for delay, and said they courted discussion, and would unite in the formation of a joint debating society. The free traders expressed distrust of their motives, urged immediate action, and carried their point.

HAVANA.

The Insurgents Cause a Freight Train to be Thrown from the Track and Carry Off the Freight.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HAVANA, October 30.—Intelligence from the Central Department is to the effect that a body of insurgents, while operating in Cienfuegos and Villa Clara, obstructed the railway track in such a manner as to cause a freight train to run off. They then carried away the freight into the interior and burned a bridge, thus cutting off communication between the two cities.

New German Paper.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, October 31.—The new German paper, *The Cincinnati Courier and Republican*, issues its first number to-morrow. It is incorporated with one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each. The first stock was subscribed October 18th. The stockholders number about sixty, comprising many of the wealthier citizens. It will be a folio of twenty-eight columns. The managing editor is Victor Yiest; political, August Beeker; assistants, Charles F. Johnson, Philip Strabel, Theodore Schmidt. It has contracted for one year for five thousand words daily from the Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company.

Wreck of the Stonewall Still Burning.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CAIRO, October 30.—The officers of the steamer Thompson Dean report the wreck of the Stonewall still burning. They bring no additional particulars in regard to the lost.

United States Senator Appointed.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

AUGUSTA, Me., Oct. 31.—Governor Chamberlain yesterday appointed Hon. Lot Mirrill U. S. Senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Fessenden.

HONOLULU.

The Labor Question—The American Minister Gives a Dinner.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 31.—The steamer Idaho arrived to-day from Honolulu October 20th. The labor question was creating much excitement. Numerous meetings were held by planters to favor the importation of Chinese. The commercial and laboring classes urge the encouragement of European emmigration Both agree that a supply of labor is absolutely necessary for the agricultural interests of the country.

The ship Franklin Thayer, hence August 27th, with cargo a of wheat for Liverpool encountered a cyclone September 4, and sprung a leak. The cargo shifted and compelled her to put into Honalulu, and discharge her freight and repair damages. The cargo is in bad condition. The stench from the steaming wheat sickened a portion of the crew, and turned the inside of the vessel black as ink.

Rev. Father Walsh, an old resident, and President of Ahuincann College, died October 14th.

The American Minister entertained the King and his Ministers, Consular corps, captain and officers of the French war steamer Marqine, at dinner at the American Club House.

Epidemic fever prevailed on the Island of East Maui, causing many deaths. The once numerous population of Henluana Valley has dwindled to two or three families.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Mechanics' Fair—Chinese out of Employment—Belle Boyd in an Insane Asylum.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SAN FRANCISCO, October 31.—The Mechanics' Institute exhibition closed last night. The Institute medal was awarded to the Pacific Rolling Mill Company. The receipts was over sixty-one thousand dollars.

Koopmanschoop has returned and forwards one hundred Chinamen next week to work on the Memphis and El Paso Railroad. He states that three thousand Chinamen in the State are out of employment, and were returning to China to prevent their friends coming here.

Belle Boyd, the notorious Southern spy, has been sent to the State Insane Asylum.

CHICAGO.

A Run-Off—Woman Killed—Excursion Party Returned.

CHICAGO, October 31.—Last evening, while Christian Bennefeld and Mrs. Christina Tackel were riding in a wagon along Clybourne avenue, near the northern city limits, the horses took fright at some object on the roadside and started at a fearful speed in the dark. Mr. Bennefeld was soon thrown from the wagon and considerably bruised. The team finally brought up against a tree, shattering the wagon into many pieces and throwing Mrs. Tackel with great violence to the ground. She was taken up and carried to a house near by, where she expired in a few minutes.

The excursion party which have been on a four weeks' trip to California, arrived in this city last evening.

BOSTON.

Destructive Fire—Type Foundry Partially Destroyed.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BOSTON, October 30.—A fire broke out this morning on the fourth and fifth floors of No. 68 Federal street, occupied by the New England Type Foundry, office of the *Railway Journal*, and S. P. Baldwin, dealer in paper and twine. The office of the *Journal* was not injured. The type foundry was damaged to the amount of $9,300—insured. Clark & Warren, dealers in shoes and rubber goods, lost $5,000—insured. The damage to the building is $10,000. The fire was confined to the upper floors.

ERIE, PA.

An Old Structure Burned—Vessel Supposed to be Lost.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ERIE, October 31.—The old Cannon House, on Twelfth and French streets, used many years ago as an armory, but lately used by Selden & Bliss for the storage of patterns, was burned by an incendiary this morning at two o'clock. Loss $15,000, mostly insured.

This morning Captain Hinckley, of the schooner Hubbard, reports seeing the light spars of a schooner and a boat with "davits" attached, bottom up, off this port, about six miles out, supposed to belong to a vessel lost in the late gale.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The remains of ex-Gov. Andrew were removed from Mount Amber on Saturday and deposited in the cemetry at Hingham.

—Minister Low has not yet received his instructions as Minister to China, but will in a few days, and will sail for Europe immediately.

—William McCoskie, a prominent merchant of Lynchburg, was mortally stabbed by Max Sumter, while on the Fair grounds Saturday.

—A reduction of bail was refused Saturday by Judge Allison, of Philadelphia, in the case of McLaughlin, the driver of the carriage in which the assaillants of Officer Brooks escaped.

—Leaving the office at two o'clock Saturday morning Jacob R. Bruce one, of the editors of the Nashville *Union and American*, fell down a flight of stairs and shattered an arm besides hurting himself otherwise.

—Deputy Sheriff Major James Fitzwilliams was shot through the heart at ten o'clock last night in a saloon in Evansville, Ind., by one of the city police. The murder has caused great excitement.

—An epidemic called the hog cholera is raging in the northern part of Montgomery county, Ohio, among still slop fed swine principally. The distillery at Salem lost two hundred. There appears to be no remedy.

—A Key West letter says that the shore end of one of the Cuban telegraph cables was recently cut there, probably by Cuban refugees. The United States monitor Sangus has been detailed to guard the shore end of the cable.

—The Freedmen's Aid Society of the Methodist Church, of Ohio, reports that it supports sixty freedmen's schools, six normal schools, one orphan asylum, and employs one hundred and five teachers for ten thousand pupils.

—At Albany, the county seat of Clinton county, Ky., adjoining the Tennessee line, a negro shot and killed Lewis Story, the sheriff. The negro was afterwards killed by some citizens. Story was endeavoring to arrest the negro.

—Nearly all the prairie along the Kansas Pacific branch road, between Lawrence and Leavenworth, was burned on the 28th, and a large amount of hay, fencing and other property, valued at $7,000, destroyed. The fire caught from the sparks of a locomotive.

—All the officers of the privateer Cuba were discharged on Saturday by the U. S. Commissioner, except David A. Telfair. D. D. Munroe, Nicholas Isling, R. H. Gibson, N. D. Phillips, Lewis French and John Lynch, who were required to give bail in $500 each for their appearance before the U. S. District Court which meets to-day.

—Mr. Wade, English *Chargede Affairs*, who succeeds Mr. Alcock in China, is reported to have said recently that J. Ross Browne was in error in saying that the Chinese had made no progress. They had recently established a foreign office, and provided for the education of youth abroad, and this, with the appointment of Mr. Burlingame's mission, indicated considerable progress. Mr. Wade thinks all Mr. Burlingame's treaties will be ratified.

—Robert D. Bogart, Paymaster, a clerk in the Brooklyn Navy Yard, who is accused of misappropriating about $126,000 of the funds, and was tried for the offence recently by a Naval Court Martial, and convicted, was turned over to the civil authorities Friday. Secretary Robeson having disapproved of the proceedings, and ruled that he was not properly liable to trial by the naval authorities. He will be tried again by the civil authorities.

—The National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, which met in New York, adjourned on Saturday, after a two days' session. Gen. Wilson, of Michigan, presided. Eighty delegates were present, representing nearly all the different States. Gen. Collins, the Adjutant General, read the proceedings of the last meeting, in May, in Cincinnati; also the report of the Quartermaster-General and Inspector General. Each of these three named officers requested that their salaries be reduced to just enough to pay the necessary expenses of their offices. Referred to the Council of Administration for action.

GENERAL NEWS.

It is thought that the receipts of cotton at New Orleans will be 500,000 bales greater than last year.

ONE of the colored Representatives in the Virginia Legislature, Mr. George Seaton, is worth $100,000.

THE Connecticut Freemasons intend erecting a monument over the remains of the late Thomas H. Seymour.

THERE are three times as many men engaged in selling liquor as in preaching the gospel or teaching school.

ACCORDING to an intelligent San Francisco jury, Annie Wagner died of "a gunshot wound discharged from a pistol."

PORK is $50,000 a barrel in Hayti. That is, in Haytien greenbacks, of which it takes $1,800 to make one dollar in gold.

THE publishers of the Akron *Beacon*, one of the most flourishing weeklies in Ohio, are about starting a daily evening paper.

THE farmers of New-Hampshire will hold a mass convention in Manchester on the 28th of December next, to continue three days.

JOHN MINOR BOTTS' farm in Culpepper county, Va., has been sold to a Northern man for $75,000 cash. It contains upward of 900 acres.

AN Ohio journal pointedly remarks that "every cord of wood given to the poor will be so much fuel saved from use in the next world."

THE Ashtabula (Ohio) *Sentinel* is publishing sketches of the history of the part taken in the late war for the Union by the people of that county.

PENNSYLVANIA coal is said to be so high in Rhode Island, that the native coal of that State, which is but an indifferent fuel, now finds a ready market.

THE vouchers of Quincy, Illinois, are worth but fifteen cents on the dollar, and her day police have recently been discharged for economical reasons.

ON Saturday last the remains of the late Gov. John A. Andrew, of Mass., which were interred at Mt. Auburn, Cambridge, were removed to Hingham, his native town.

A NEW HAMPSHIRE man has just visited a house in Massachusetts, built by his great-great-grandmother's great-grandfather, and expects to have no greater pleasure in this world.

A STORY comes from Kentucky that on the eve of a battle in 1863, the Colonel of one of the regiments of that State resigned "because the boys of his regiment were too young for him."

Two millions of cans of green corn have been put up the past season by one person in Maine. Six thousand persons were employed during six weeks in the process of canning and preparing it.

THE Toronto *Globe* boldly accuses Sir John A. McDonald, the Dominion Premier, of "shameful and prolonged inebriety," and of marring the reception of Prince Arthur at Toronto by his drunkenness.

AN eminent physician says that the white rubber used for nursing bottles and infants' toys is very poisonous, causing sore mouth, skin eruptions, decayed teeth, spinal curvature, and death. In Europe the sale of it is prohibited by law.

A FARMER of Greene county, Ill., last week sold thirteen head of cattle for $2,100, a little over $150 a head. The cattle are but three years old, and average nearly 2,000 pounds each. They will be sent to New York and sold for Christmas beef.

A YOUNG LADY while going to her wedding in Rondout, N. Y., was thrown from the carriage and broke her leg. It was proposed to take her to a physician and have the limb set, but she refused, saying she was going to be married first. And, as usual, she had her way.

VISITORS to the Hoosac tunnel have need to exercise constant caution for the safety of their hats as well as of their heads. Several good ones have lately been removed from their owners' heads by the workmen in the bore, who flee beyond pursuit with their booty. One gentleman was lately robbed of a hat and wig valued at $30.

THE ladies of Dallas, Oregon, lately got up some tableaux for the benefit of a church, among which was one called the "New Order of Things." In it the men were represented as nursing babes, making bread and talking one another to death, while the women were chopping wood and doing other out-door work. The picture was received with applause.

A LETTER has been received in St. Louis from Sam Hildebrand, the notorious outlaw, stating that he had come to the conclusion that he could no longer keep up a war against the whole country, and begging to be "let alone." He promises that he will never more molest anybody, and will in future act like an honest and law-abiding man. He is now in southern Illinois.

A SCHOOL TEACHER, of Manchester, Connecticut, compelled a delicate and extremely sensitive little girl eight years of age to stand upon the floor of the class room for five hours, for the reason that she could not answer a question in geography. The little girl went home in a state of such nervous excitement that brain fever ensued and she died within forty-eight hours.

THE Chinese residents of San Francisco recently commenced their annual clearing out of devils. The musicians went after the cloven-footed gentry straight from the word go, creating racket sufficient to raise the biggest devil in the city. The exorcistic ceremonies continued for five days and nights, the whole closing with the burning of the various bamboo figures that ornamented the temple where the sacrifices were conducted.

THERE is a libel suit in the town of Leverett, Mass., growing out of the Amherst agricultural fair. Two gentlemen had flowers on exhibition, but credit for all the flowers was given to one of them in the newspa

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICE:

GAZETTE BUILDING, 84 AND 86 FIFTH AV.

OFFICIAL PAPER
of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

MONDAY, NOV. 1, 1869.

We learn that the Alabama negotiations were reopened by our Minister at London, in September, and that an elaborate correspondence is now going on, of which the public may gather no correct estimate until the President submits his annual Message.

The new Legislature is superior to the last one in point both of character and ability. Let us hope, since improvement has commenced, that it will continue until both Houses of the General Assembly shall be all that can reasonably be desired.

Providence specially interfered to help the defeat of Mr. Packer. The disastrous flood that prevailed in the Delaware took many hundreds more Democrats than Republicans away from Wayne and Pike counties to look up vagrant rafts and to repair the Delaware and Hudson Canal. The Democratic loss in this way approached near a thousand.

The premature retirement of Mr. Russell Errett from the Senate is mentioned with regret in various parts of the Commonwealth. In his service of two years he established a high reputation for rare intelligence and probity. His successor, Mr. Howard, is a lawyer of excellent attainments, in the maturity of his strength, and of high personal character.

The Beaver *Radical* pricks the last opposition bubble, which charges that Judge Brewster received the Attorney Generalship as a reward for partizan services in his judgment ousting certain Democratic intruders in local office at Philadelphia, with the remark that "the only office of any possible consequence to the success of Gov. Geary, involved in litigation, was that of Mayor, and the Democratic incumbent was sustained by the Court."

The Anthracite Miners of Pennsylvania know much more about their own peculiar interests than outsiders. They are in no alarm lest any reasonable bill they may desire for their security while at work may be defeated before the Legislature. Nor is there any essential disagreement between them and the companies or individual operators on this matter. All radical means of security must enhance the price of coal, or else put down wages. If the former result shall be produced, the outsiders who now claim to be the only friends of the miners will be the first to complain.

It always pleases us to know that people are anxious to read the Gazette, but it is not so agreeable to have them steal the copies they peruse. Full one-third of all our daily packages, addressed to particular places on the east side of the Alleghenies, are pilfered from the mail bags, for they certainly do not reach their destinations. This pilfering has been going on for a long time; so that we suspect the culprits may be Democrats, appointed by Johnson, and still allowed to hold over. But whoever the offenders may be, they give us and some of our subscribers no little annoyance. Only from reluctance to be engaged in compounding a felony, we might be inclined to secure a cessation of depredations by offering to supply the thieves with copies gratuitously, provided they would stipulate not simply to read, but also to profit by what the Gazette contains. Villainous agents of the Government! pray let our packages have free course.

The *Alleghenian*, of Cambria county, and the Greensburg *Republican*, take decided ground in favor of restoring the spring elections. The latter, a Democratic journal, makes the strong point against the present law, that it imposes upon the election officers, especially in large precincts and where there are many local offices to be filled, too severe a labor in counting the votes within the period required by existing statutes. This objection has great force, as will be admitted by all who have observed the type of the general experience at the late election. We have never before heard so many complaints, irrespective of party lines, of the delays and inaccuracies in the scrutiny of the ballots. If the spring elections be not restored, the provisions of existing law for ascertaining and certifying results must be amended to meet the increased difficulties. The *Republican* remarks:

> Very many citizens are in favor of the proposition to elect county officers, as well as borough and township officers, in March instead of October.

THE NOVEMBER ELECTIONS.

State elections will be held to-morrow in New York, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Wisconsin and New Jersey for State officers and Legislatures, in Maryland for a State Controller, and in Illinois for a Constitutional Convention. Texas and Mississippi hold full State elections on the 30th of this month. The opposition are claiming New York, New Jersey and Maryland, but a full vote will carry the former State for the Republicans.

BOLTING A BOLTER.

Mr. Horace Greeley has for a long period avowed his faith in bolting as a remedy for bad nominations, and we are not inclined to deny that his position in that regard is impregnable. No endorsement of a caucus can place a citizen under obligation to vote for a candidate who is unfit for the place. Nor has Mr. Greeley failed to practice in accordance with his preaching. All last summer and so far during the autumn, he has been hammering away at bad aspirants for nomination, or at those who have actually succeeded in getting their names upon tickets. His denunciations have not been general but specific. He has plainly called offenders by name, and stated in what their misdemeanors consisted. Herein he has set an example worthy of all acceptance.

But Mr. Greeley recently became a candidate; probably not because he wanted the office in connection with which he was named; perhaps, under an expectation that his defeat was inevitable. But his party wanted his name as a symbol to rally the largest possible number of votes; perchance to compel success in a doubtful canvass. His doctrine of bolting has been applied to himself. All his enemies—and no man can be as prominent as he has been for many years without having plenty of them—have accepted the opportunity as a favorable one to dirk him, or at least to threaten to do so. They proclaim him to be a bad candidate, though they fail in specifications to establish the conviction in disinterested minds that he is really bad. But he is made to understand that each man is bad in the estimation of those who hate him, even if the hatred proceeds solely from the base motive of envy.

This is not surprising. The names of a good many men and women are found in the lists of both saints and criminals. Even the name of the God-Man stands in an analagous category. It may help farther to show how conceptions of personal character differ to mention that when Lamartine sought out in her old age the daughter of the poor cabinet maker, Duplay, with whom Robespierre boarded in the plentitude of his power in Paris, he found that she remembered him as the most amiable and conscientious of mortals, and marveled that any body should think differently of him. To her he was what he seemed; but to those who were sent headless to their last account at his bidding, he appeared to be a monster.

It is edifying to witness the equanimity with which Mr. Greeley accepts the application of his theory of bolting to himself. He bids all Republicans who want to vote against him to do so and be done with it. That is taking opposition philosophically. If all candidates would take bolting in as graceful a way, the amenities of politics would be enhanced.

Next Tuesday will tell how the Republicans of New York, and Mr. Greeley with them, will come out. That they have a decided majority of the legal voters on their side we fully believe; but we apprehend they may be overborne by fraud, as they often have been heretofore. If Mr. Greeley shall be elected Controller, the State will gain an upright and intelligent officer, but he will be apt to find the office an "elephant" which he would much sooner have off his hands than on.

THE SOMERSET DISTRICT CONTEST.

We have reprinted the very generous language with which Mr. Scull, who has just been *legally* chosen Senator in the Somerset district, has disclaimed any purpose to take advantage of mere technicalities in defending his seat from the claims of his late Democratic competitor. The disclaimer is as creditable to his sense of honor as it is unusual in partisan politics.

But, fortunately the case involves certain meritorious points which will relieve him from what might otherwise have seemed to him an inflexible duty. The Commonwealth has alone the right to pronounce, and through its proper organ, the Senate, upon hearing of the testimony, upon the serious question whether the plain letter of the law shall be observed or disregarded. We are quite sure that Mr. Scull will, by no act of his own, however generously impulsive, preclude the Senate from its legitimate adjudication on this point. The question is one of very great consequence to all our people, who have a right to demand a definite decision which shall either legitimatize or finally check the loose practices heretofore prevailing with election officers.

It is also understood that the legal vote, as the legal canvass of the poll, is on the side of the Senator-elect. It is susceptible of proof that a large number of illegal ballots were colonized over, from Republican precincts along the line of the incomplete Connellsville railway, into Democratic precincts in Bedford county, and there cast solid for the opposition candidate. This and other frauds on the poll, such as that the majority claimed for Findlay would melt away in an hour under a legal scrutiny of the boxes, are so well known in the district, that we are advised that no serious contest is contemplated by the opposition. The Senate cannot avoid giving the seat, *prima facie*, to Mr. Scull, upon the legal aspects of the case, and his title will be amply confirmed upon further investigation.

It is evident, therefore, that our friends have a clear right to depend upon the co-operation of the Senator-elect, in maintaining the Republican ascendancy in the district. We are also gratified to learn that such is his own view of the case.

THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF CRIME.

The Tioga *Agitator* cites a case occurring in a village and county "near the centre of the State," where a man "of wealth and social standing," without any just provocation, shot a colored boy, his own servant, and was therefor held to bail for trial. The District Attorney prepared an indictment and laid it before the Grand Jury, the foreman of which sent for the defendant, took his testimony, refused to hear other testimony for the Commonwealth, and the bill was ignored. It is to be regretted that the *Agitator* is not more specific. Let it name the county!

The same journal denounces the too widely prevailing practice which permits the composition of felonies, or the suppression of prosecutions by virtue of private agreements between the parties directly concerned. We heartily endorse its pungent strictures upon this most reprehensible of abuses in the administration of our criminal law. We quote:

> The better disposed classes of society have little idea of the universality of this practice. When a man detects a neighbor in the commission of a crime and prosecutes, the laws of all civilized lands know no issue for the offender, out of their clutches, save by trial and discharge. But such as have observed these affairs know, alas, too well, that not a tenth part of such cases ever go to a jury. Nine in every ten of such cases are "settled." How? Commonly upon the payment of money by the accused. But to settle such affairs for a consideration, either of money or anything else, is a felony of itself, in a majority of instances. We deny that any public prosecutor is ever legally privileged to consent to such a settlement, and are inclined to think whenever indictment is found neither attorney, nor Judge, nor party, can legally do what a jury of twelve men are especially authorized to do.
>
> Having no sympathy with crime or criminals we urge now, as always, the certain punishment of crime. Make the infliction of penalties for wrong doing certain. Make it dangerous to compound a felony. Let Grand Juries who openly defy the law be arraigned by the Bench and indicted at once. Let perjury, which is getting fashionable in high places, be dealt with. Why, in New York, there is a society composed of men who contract to swear to suit employers—for so much cash! But perjury may be found every where. Every lawyer in Pennsylvania can tell you that there is abundance of false swearing in every important suit. The astonishing thing is, that no crime is so easily detected, none so seldom punished.
>
> The people can have this condition of things as long as they please—not a day longer. Of course it will work its own cure, if left alone. But the anomalous cures always involve a dangerous reaction. There is danger in such cures that passion may override judgment, and even-handed justice be denied to the guilty, as it now is to society. Such reactions are dangerous. They involve violence and popular fury. Let us be warned by these symptoms of decline, and work together to reform courts and juries.

The Waynesburg *Repository* assigns, among other causes for the small Republicans majority in this State, the following:

> "In the first place, Gov. Geary was very unpopular with the "politicians." A continual raid had been made against them. The whole cry of such papers as the *State Guard* and the *Commercial* was about the corruption of the politicians, the people vs. the politicians, and such stuff. In the appointment of men to manage the campaign they were mostly left out. The men who made the Republican party in the State, and who had so often led it on to victory, were passed by. The result was what might have been expected. Whether politicians are honest or not is of no consequence so far as conducting a campaign is concerned. The party that tries to get along without them will come out behind.

The *Genius of Liberty* (Dem.) twits Judge Woodward for the reported blunt ders by which he has contrived to "make the worthy man (Packer) ridiculous in the eyes of the nation." The same journal also nails to the record the following bit of history:

> It is well known that on the night before the formal assembling of the late Democratic State Convention, General Cass was the choice of a majority of the Delegates, but by noon the next day a number, even some of those instructed and personally pledged for Cass, were found to have mysteriously passed over to the Packer interest. Had these men voted as their constituents would have had them vote, the real choice of the party would have been nominated, and would have been elected by an overwhelming majority

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Sleep and Its Derangements. By William A. Hammond, M. D., Professor of Diseases of the Mind und Nervous System, and of Chemical Medicine, in the Bellevue Hospital, Medical College, New York. Published by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia. For sale by R. S. Davis & Co., Pittsburgh.

A work of this character, from one so competent as Dr. Hammond, late Surgeon General of the United States Army, cannot fail to command the attention of the profession and general reader. It is written in a popular form, and is not burdened with professional terms and phrases, but in plain language. The philosophy of sleep, the necessity, the cause, phenomena, and state of the mind during sleep, are discussed upon broad principles, and in keeping with the advanced views of science. In the consideration of each part, illustrations in point are given to demonstrate the position of the author. Startling facts are revealed relative to sleep that should be heeded by brain-workers, or the sad results of over-taxing the mind and by neglecting to secure proper sleep, will be felt sooner or later. Professor Hammond is a vigorous writer, and dissects his subjects with a keenness that is refreshing.

The Neighbor's House. By the author of "The New Commandment," etc. Published by the American Tract Society, Boston. For sale by R. S. Davis & Co., Pittsburgh.

This work happily illustrates the reforming influences of a well ordered home. The episodes of life, particularly in the case of the members of two families, are graphically described, and the severe lessons of discipline they passed through were finally the means of lifting them to a higher life. The sad ending of young Gordon produced fruit, and was the means of molding the character of others for good. The story is delightfully told, and it cannot fail to leave pleasant feelings after its perusal.

Bessie at School. By Joanna H. Matthews. Published by Robert Carter & Brothers, New York. For sale by S. A. Clarke & Co., Pittsburgh.

Scenes of child-life are pictured in this volume by one admirably adapted to write for young people. The various phases of early childhood are brought out in life-like words, and all through the book, lessons of incalculable value are taught in a form that will impress young children. Its healthy moral tone is commendable, and makes it a suitable volume for parents to put into the hands of their children.

The Crown without the Conflict. By Rev. R. H. Lundie, Liverpool, England.

Tibby the Charwoman. Fireside Library. Published by Robert Carter & Brothers, New York. For sale by S. A. Clarke & Co., Pittsburgh.

The first named is a brief account of musings on the death of children. It contains much that will interest the bereaved, and contains suggestions where to find solace and comfort. The saving power of Divine grace is richly illustrated in the life of "Tibby the Charwoman," who occupied an humble sphere in the activities of life. Lessons are also taught in this tiny volume that are worthy to be stored away in the heart for calm reflection.

Katharine's Experience. By the author of "The Minister's Wife," &c. Published by the American Tract Society, Boston. For sale by R. S. Davis & Co., Pittsburgh.

In this work we have described, in graphic words, the events of a young woman's life, beginning with her school days and ending with her happy union with a minister. The narrative is of itself interesting, but principles are embodied in the story that will arrest youthful minds. There is nothing in it that will offend the most fastidious, and there is also a healthy glow in the story, that makes it readable and profitable. It is a capital book for a Sunday School library, and for the family circle. The publications of this Society are of a character that it is safe to commend them, and "Katharine's Experience," is of this class.

Lake Shore Series. By Oliver Optic. Published by Lee and Shepard, Boston. For sale by S. A. Clarke & Co., Pittsburgh.

Like all the writings of the widely-known and much admired "Oliver Optic," the Lake Shore Series contain sound practical knowledge for young people, and the style is elevated and high toned. The stories were originally published in Oliver Optic's Magazine "Our Boys and Girls." Four of the six volumes of the series are already published. The first is entitled, "Through by Daylight; or the Young Engineer of the Lake Shore Railroad." The hero is a fine specimen of bright Young America—who illustrates by his acts that his heart is pure and true. "Lightning Express" is the next volume, which relates to the same road, though the war between rival academies occupies considerable space. The third volume, "On Time," which brings out in bold relief the exploits of a brave young captain, who gave evidence in his actions that his heart was influenced by Christian principles. The book happily illustrates the precept, "Love your enemies." Next volume, fourth, "Switch Off," in which the principal incidents relate to the war among the students of the Toppleton Institute. The same Gospel principle, "Love your enemies" is brought out in this story. The fifth and sixth volumes, "Brake Up," and "Bear and Forbear" will soon appear. Mr. Adams has the happy art of conveying great and cardinal principles in his sea and land stories, that leave good impressions upon his youthful readers.

Sybaris and other Homes. By Edward E. Hale. Published by Fields, Osgood & Co., Boston. For sale by R. S. Davis & Co., Pittsburgh.

Readers of Mr. Hale's, "If, Yes, Perhaps," have an idea of the genius of this author, and of his wonderful power in the use of language, singular in the extreme, too, for one engaged in the ministry; not that his vocation is a bar to the authorship of such works. His style certainly illustrates the liberal views which flourish on New England soil, as no where else, as luxuriantly as least. The work cannot fail to interest the reader, as the style is fascinating—magneticin its power over the mind. Some idea of its contents may be gathered from the following topics: "My Visit to Sybaris;" "How they lived at Naguadavick;" "How they live in Vineland;" "How they live in Boston, and how they die there," and "Homes for Boston Laborers."

Hester Strong's Life Work, or The Mystery Solved. By Mrs. S. A. Southworth, author of "Lawrence Monroe," &c. Published by Lee & Shepard, Boston. For sale by S. A. Clarke & Co., Pittsburgh.

This is a tale of New England life, developing the habits, customs, and predominant religious thought of that section. It illustrates the severer type of life duties, and the trials and temptations incident thereto. Throughout the volume there is a healthy sentiment, in which great lessons of duty to God and each other are taught. The chapter relating to the late war, and the part taken by a brave one who died in the struggle, adds interest to the story.

Miscellanies. By W. M. Thackeray. Vol. I and II. Household Edition. Published by Fields, Osgood & Co., Boston. For sale by R. S. Davis & Co., Pittsburgh.

In view of the signal success attending the Household Edition of Thackeray's Novels, the publishers have yielded to the popular wish of the public, and have commenced to publish the miscellaneous writings of the distinguished satirist, in the same style as the series of novels, making an additional series of five volumes. The volumes are reprinted from the last English edition, which embraces numerous choice papers never before collected. The first volume contains the "Memoirs of Barry Lyndon, Esq., written by himself, with the History of Samuel Titmarsh and the great Hoggarty Diamond, and Burlesques." The second contains "The Paris Sketch Book," "Memoirs of Mr. Charles J. Yellowplush," "The Irish Sketch Book," and "Notes of a Journey from Cornhill to Grand Cairo." This series is gotten up in the charming style of Read's and Elliott's works, cheap, handsome, and convenient size.

Geo. Elliot's Novels. Silas Mariner, and Scenes of Clerical Life. By Geo. Elliot. Household Edition. Published by Fields, Osgood & Co., Boston. For sale by R. S. Davis & Co., Pittsburgh.

Few writers have attained the eminence in the literary world, these modern times, than is awarded to the author of these novels. For beauty of thought, plot, and vigorous language, these works are models. The excellencies of this edition have been commended over and over again. We hardly know which part to commend most, "Silas Mariner," or "Scenes of Clerical Life," both being good.

Catharine. A story. By Ikey Solomons Esq., Jr., (W. M. Thackeray.) Published by Fields, Osgood & Co., Boston.

This story originally appeared in *Fraser's Magazine*, thirty years ago, to counteract the ingenious influences of some popular fictions of that day. It is piquant and fasinating.

Too Bright to Last. A Novel. Published by Fields, Osgood & Co., Boston.

This pretty little story is reprinted from advance sheets. It represents Welsh love, and is not of the sensational cast of many of the novels. The characters are of a better type and not offensive to people of refined tastes.

As a set-off to the great Œcumenical Council, there is to be a grand universal conference of Protestants from all countries held in New York in September, 1870. Nothing of this sort has ever taken place before, and it will doubtless excite much interest in both hemispheres. Rev. Dr. Schaff, of New York, has just returned from Europe, where he has completed his arrangements with trans-Atlantic Protestants for the conference next year. His report will be awaited with much interest by all classes.

Spohr, the composer, has written a new opera called Jessonda, which has been produced at Munich. Not only the music but also the plot is novel, being a bold departure from the usual Italian love stories, where matters and things are often sung in a foreign language which would not be tolerated, if spoken in the vernacular, upon any stage in the country. Instead of anything of this kind, Spohr's librettist has taken for his subject the escape of a Hindoo widow from performing the slightly disagreeable religious ceremonial of "suttee." It is not the only opera with an unobjectionable plot, but it is one more, and that is certainly a good thing.

We have always been disposed to treat St. Louis well. We are too far off to look upon her as a rival city, and we have never had needless jealousies of her. When opportunity offered we have always spoken a good word for that city, and feel deeply the ingratitude recently evinced by one of her journals which with unaccountable malice asserts that Pittsburgh is "keeping up with the times" in the matter of murders and other crimes, and is almost equal to Chicago. Could anything be more malicious than that? An assault of the most violent character and totally unprovoked! In the language of the Bard of Avon we entreat those St. Louis editors to run to their houses and "pray to the gods to intermit the plague which needs must fall on such ingratitude."

After a long but not wide separation the old and new school Presbyterian denominations have agreed to re-unite. The new body will consist of 4,130 ministers and 371,487 members all of one common faith and working, it is to be hoped harmoniously, for one common cause. But the work of union is only thus begun among the Presbyterians. There are still numerous important bodies, differing in some minor particulars, which have yet to be brought into the one great fold of that branch of the church. The principal of these are the Southern, United, Reformed, Cumberland and Associated Presbyterian churches, numbering in the aggregate some 2,176 ministers and 282,159 members. When all these are joined together in one common organization, there will indeed be occasion for rejoicing over so long a step towards the unity of Christians.

The freedom of religious opinion in the United States has been largely exemplified in most of our great cities by the houses of worship erected by the different and almost innumerable sects. Jews and Gentiles, Catholics and Protestants, Greeks and Armenians all worship in New York, for instance, and even the Mormons are tolerated. But "Christian Charity" is to receive a very severe test shortly in New York where it is stated, the wealthy Chinese are about to erect a Joss house. We send missionaries to promulgate our own faith in China and, if they are molested, we send ships of war to avenge them. I know remains to be seen how we will tolerate this little bit of reciprocity from the celestials. There is something very distasteful in the idea of a heathen temple and heathen idols in our metropolis; but probably Christian churches and missionaries are as unpalatable to the inhabitants of Pekin.

Scientific discoveries are so numerous now-a-days that we do not have time to become familiar with the properties of one before we are called upon to become acustomed to a number of others. The consequence of this is often a fatal one. Take for instance those important discoveries nitro glycerine and carbolic acid. We are frequently called upon to chronicle serious or fatal accidents resulting from their careless or ignorant use. If the people were more thoroughly acquainted with their several dangerous properties, the number of these casualities would probably be smaller. This being the case, would it not be well to oblige all dealers in new chemical articles to have printed upon the packages containing them a clear and understandable statement of the possible results of an ignorant use of them? Some few lives and limbs, at least, might be saved thereby.

Since Advertising became a science there have been many very novel ideas conceived and carried out in a manner evincing much originality of genius. It is said of Gounod the composer, that after having produced a new opera, he causes a report to be bruited abroad that he has become deeply affected with religious ideas, regrets that he has ever produced anything so worldly as an opera, and intends to enter a religious retreat and compose, in the future, nothing more secular than an oratorio. This course is intended to lend an especial interest to the new opera, on account of being the last from so capable a pen. This is a very good dodge, but there is another almost its equal. Dawison, the greatest thespian artist on the German stage, retired some time since on account of failing health, and recently there have been reports circulating to the effect that he has entirely lost his mind, and these have now culminated in the rumor of his total and confirmed idiocy. But this, too, it seems was nothing but a "puff" extraordinary preceding his return to the boards at Dresden on New Year's day. The Foreign Barnums are certainly the equals of their American prototype.

At the Judicial election in San Francisco, on the 20th instant, there were less than 13,000 votes in all polled, out of 21,373 in September, and 25,870 in November, 1868. The total vote of the State at the Presidential election was about 108,000; last September it fell as low as 91,000; on the 20th it did not exceed 56,800.

Curious and Suggestive.

Shakspeare uses the word *learn* in the sense of *to teach*. The two words stand in a reciprocal relation so intimate as to sometimes sink all consideration of their strict grammatical use. The Bible, as translated, is full of grammatical errors, even to that glaring one of "Our Father *which* art in Heaven." The reason why this is so is referable to ignorance or want of care.

Ages before the time of Judas red hair was thought a mark of reprobation, both in the case of Typhon, who deprived his brother of the sceptre of Egypt, and Nebuchadnezzar, who acquired it in expiation of his atrocities. Even the donkey tribe suffered from this visitation, according to the proverb, "Wicked as a red ass." Asses of that color were held in such detestation among the Copts that every year they were in the habit of sacrificing one by hurling it from a high wall.

Who can tell when tailoring became a distinct trade? In the third chapter of Genesis, 31st verse, we are informed that "unto Adam and to his wife did the Lord God make coats of skin and clothed them," and from that time to this the art of making clothes has been carried on more or less in every clime where there has existed the slightest degree of civilization; still the inventions of thread and needles are of comparatively quite a modern date. The art of paying a tailor promptly in these times is much more difficult of explanation than the art of making clothes.

THOU BRINGEST ME LIFE—LUNG-WORT.

One of the truest and most suggestive ideas can be obtained from the caption at the head of this article; for of all diseases which impair human health and shorten human life, none are more prevalent than those which affect the lungs and pulmonary tissues. Whether we regard lung diseases in the light of a merely slight cough, which is but the fore-runner of a more serious malady, or as a deep lesion corroding and dissolving the pulmonary structure, it is always pregnant with evil and foreboding of disaster. In no class of maladies should the physician or the friends and family of the patient be more seriously forewarned than in those of the lungs, for it is in them that early and efficient treatment is most desirable, and it is then that danger can be warded off and a cure effected. In DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE you have a medicine of the greatest value in all these conditions. An alterative, a tonic, a nutrient and resolvent, succoring nature and sustaining the recuperative powers of the system. Its beautiful workings, in harmony with the regular functions, can be readily observed by the use of one or two bottles: it will soon break up the chain of morbid sympathies that disturb the harmonious workings of the animal economy. The harrassing cough, the painful respiration, the sputum streaked with blood, will soon give place to the normal and proper workings of health and vigor.

An aggregated experience of over thirty years has enabled Dr. Keyser, in the compounding of his LUNG CURE, to give new hope to the consumptive invalid and at the same time speedy relief in those now prevalent, catarrhal and throat affections, so distressing in their effects and so almost certainly fatal in their tendencies, unless cured by some appropriate remedy. DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE is so thorough and efficient, that any one who has ever used it, will never be without it in the house. It will often cure when everything else fails, and in simple cases will cure oftentimes in a few days.

The attention of patients, as well as medical men is respectfully invited to this new and valuable addition to the pharmacy of the country.

DR. KEYSER may be consulted every day until 1 o'clock P. M. at his Great Medicine Store, 167 Liberty street, and from 4 to 6 and 7 to 9 at night.

THE GREAT VITALIZER.

This title may be fairly given to a restorative which has taken precedence of all other tonic and alterative preparations for a period of nearly twenty years. During that long interval HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS may be truly said to have enjoyed unrivalled popularity. Many preparations have been got up to compete with it, but they have all fallen into its wake or sunk into oblivion for want of patronage. From the first, this now world-renowned Vegetable Tonic has been both medicinally and financially successful. Every year has added to the number of its friends, and the demand for it, based solely upon the experimental proofs of its excellence as a preventive and curative, seems to have no assignable limit. The medical profession sanction and approve its use, and it is now at the head of a class of medicines to which it belongs, the admitted, undisputed SOVEREIGN TONIC OF THE AGE. The statistics of the United States Revenue Department will verify the statement that it stands alone and unapproached in the magnitude of its sales as compared with those of any other proprietary remedy advertised on this side of the Atlantic.

The EXPLANATION of this fact may be comprised in a few words. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is at once the purest, the safest and the most potent of all vegetable tonics, and the best antidote to every variety of malarious disease. Hence it is especially adapted to the present season of chilling dews and saw-bones vapors.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

SELF LABELING
FRUIT-CAN TOP.
COLLINS & WRIGHT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, ruinating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and scalling in the customary manner. No preserve of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh28

NOTICES.

☞ NOTICE.—American Protestant Association.
The Members of
ALLEGHENY LODGE, NO. 54 A. P. A.,
Will meet on MONDAY EVENING, November 1st, in the Old Masonic Hall, Water street, city of Allegheny. By Order of
oc29 TRUSTEES.

☞ NOTICE.

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the
JONES PERRY COMPANY
Will be held at the office of A. D. SMITH & Bro., No. 94 Water street, on MONDAY, November 8th, at 11 o'clock, at which time and place an Election for Directors will be held, and such other business transacted as may come before the meeting. W. M. HERSH,
oc29:g31 Secretary.

Office Western Insurance Co.,
Pittsburgh, Oct. 28, 1869.

☞ AN ELECTION for
THIRTEEN DIRECTORS
To serve for the ensuing year, will be held at THE OFFICE,
No. 92 Water Street,
On TUESDAY, 9th day of November Next,
Between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
oc28:g45 WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

☞ NOTICE.—The regular annual meeting of the Stockholders of the PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE COMPANY for the election of Directors, will be held on MONDAY, November 1st, 1869, at their office, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 1 P. M.
oc27:w37 HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

☞ DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The Directors of the Sharpsburg and Lawrenceville Bridge Company have this day declared a dividend of
FIVE PER CENT.
for the last six months, payable at the office of the Treasurer in Sharpsburg forthwith.
JNO. REED, Treasurer.
Sharpsburg, Oct. 7, 1869. oc13:g71

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LISTEN
TO THE
BURDETT ORGAN
And You Will Use no Other.
H. KLEBER & BRO.,
Sole Agents for the Burdett Organs,
No. 123 WOOD STREET.
oc30:8M

GREAT REDUCTION IN
Prices
PREPARATORY TO GOING EAST FOR OUR
Christmas Stock!
We offer all our goods on hand at greatly reduced prices, to make room for new stock. Persons wishing anything in our line will do well to give us a call.
WATTLES & SHEAFER,
101 FIFTH AVENUE, above Smithfield street.
oc30

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 30.
Opened To-day, at
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

NEW ASSORTMENT OF
Dress Goods.
AT 25 CENTS,
Double Width Alpacas and Poplins.
AT 50 CENTS,
DOUBLE WIDTH
AMERICAN POPLINS.
All colors—the most decided bargains of the season.

BLACK, BROWN AND GOLD MIXED
WATERPROOF CLOTH.
Chinchilla and Beaver Cloakings.
AT $1,00,
BLACK AND BROWN
Waterproof Cloth.

Heavy Barred Country Flannels,
Fine Shirting Flannels,
White and Colored Flannels,
Woolen Sheeting,
White Country Blankets,
Cradle and Crib Blankets,
Grey Blankets,
Heavy Colored Quilts.

Extra Bargains in Cassimeres and Jeans.
Large additions of New Goods just purchased, offered at Lowest Prices.
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

WOOLEN DRUGGETS
AND
FELT CARPETS,
1¼, 1½, 2, 2½, 3, 3¼, 3½ and 3¾
YARD WIDE,
BORDERED SQUARES
Suitable for Parlors.
DINING ROOM CRUMB CLOTHS,
Woolen, Linen and Cotton,
AT LOWER PRICES THAN LAST SEASON
Notwithstanding the undiminished tariff on these goods.
M'FARLAND & COLLINS,
71 and 73 Fifth Avenue.
oc28:g48

RAMALEY'S
HAT PARLOR,
No. 22 Fifth Avenue.
A FULL STOCK
Of All the New Styles
OF
HATS AND CAPS
OF THE SEASON.
THIRD ARRIVAL
OF
WINTER GOODS.
GRAY & LOGAN,
89 Fifth Avenue, 47 Sixth Street.
Men and Boys Clothing in the Greatest Variety,
OVERCOATS ALL STYLES AND SIZES.
The lowest prices in the city for good substantial goods.
The up-town public are cordially invited to call in at our new store and examine stock.
GRAY & LOGAN,
89 Fifth Avenue,
47 Sixth Street.
oc28:g28

WATCH REPAIRING
In All Its Branches.
The most complex and delicate as well as more ordinary watches
CAREFULLY REPAIRED
By the
Most Experienced and Skillful Workman
in the city, Mr. WM. SCHARNKE, late with Wm. Stevenson, No. 340 Liberty street, who may now be found with
JOHN STEVENSON'S SONS & CO.,
93 Market Street, Pittsburgh.
oc28:q17

PROCLAMATION.
The qualified Voters of the EIGHTEENTH WARD, City of Pittsburgh, will meet at the usual time and place for holding elections, on
TUESDAY, November 16, 1869,
To elect ONE PERSON as SELECT COUNCILMAN, to fill the unexpired term of David Holmes, deceased.
JARED M. BRUSH, Mayor.
City of Pittsburgh, October 27, 1869.
oc28

RARE AND
FASHIONABLE CONFECTIONS
FOR PRESENTS.
GEO. BEAVEN,
112 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET.
Third door above Diamond alley. PITTSBURGH, PA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 30.
Opened To-day, at
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

NEW ASSORTMENT OF
STRIPED & PLAID SHAWLS.

Ladies' and Children's Hats,
Ribbons and Flowers,
Wide Sash Ribbons,
Silk Scarfs and Ties,
Woolen Knit Hoods,
Striped Stockings,
Balmoral Stockings.

LADIES', CHILDREN'S AND MEN'S
Underwear,
Stockings,
Berlin and Cloth Gloves,
Handkerchiefs and Collars,
Fancy Collars and Cuffs,
Kid Gloves.

Ladies' and Children's Furs.

Balmoral and Cloth Skirts,
Hoop Skirts and Corsets,
Embroideries,
Hair Switches,
Leather Satchels,
Jet Jewelry,
Shell Bracelets,
Fancy Goods.

MERCHANTS, MILLINERS,
AND BUYERS
Will Find Stock Complete
AT LOWEST PRICES,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

DAILY ARRIVAL
OF
NEW GOODS.
Fine Silk Bows,
Wide Sash Ribbons,
Ladies' Silk Scarfs,
Roman Plaid Ribbons.
EXTENSIVE LINE OF HAND KNIT GOODS.
Ladies' Wool Shawls,
Ladies' Wool Vests,
Childrens' Knit Sacques,
Infants Knit Hoods.
REVERSIBLE SATIN PLEATING.
Black Silk Fringes,
Full Line of Colors.
LADIES' AND GENTS' HOSIERY,
A Complete Line.
CHILDRENS' BALMORAL HOSIERY,
Gents' & Ladies' Underwear.
BERLIN & CLOTH CLOVES,
All styles of the new
Boulevard Skirts,
Gents' White Shirts,
Paper Collars,
Handkerchiefs, Laces, &c.,
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
78 & 80 Market Street.
se18

CLOSING OUT SALE!
Owing to the death of the Senior partner, Mr. J. M. BURCHFIELD the entire stock of goods will be sold
REGARDLESS OF COST.
The Stock is New and Complete,
CONSISTING OF
Silks, Black and Colored,
Alpacas, Valencia Poplins,
Irish Poplins,
Black Cloths, Cloakings,
Brocha Shawls,
Plaid Shawls, Cassimeres,
And a Full Line of Domestic Goods, at
J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.'S,
52 SIXTH STREET.
oc27

ELEGANT CARPETS.
The latest and most beautiful designs ever shown in
TAPESTRY OR BODY
BRUSSELS.
Just received by direct importation from England.
DRUGGETS
Of the latest styles in large quantities.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.
23 Fifth Avenue.
oc2

METHODIST
BOOK DEPOSITORY.
NEW BOOKS! NEW BOOKS!
A Little Boy's Story.
Dame Nature.
Stories from My Attic.
Improvisatore; by Hans Christian Anderson.
Gospel Hunts; by Victor Meunier.
Deus-Semper
Credo; the Supernatural in the Bible.
FROUDE'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND, Volumes I and 2 ready. To be completed in 12 volumes, 8vo., cloth. $1.25 per volume.
METHODIST ALMANAC for 1870. Each 5 cents.
BLANK BOOKS.
JOSEPH HORNER,
oc29 129 SMITHFIELD STREET.

THE PRIEST AND NUN, by Julia McNair Wright. 1 vol. 8vo. $2.50.
Note by the Author: "This book stands firmly on facts. It contains no statements that can be traversed."
Art Thoughts. By James Jackson Jarvis. $2.00.
Froude's England. New and cheap edition, volumes 1 and 2; each $1.25.
Stories from My Attic; $1.50.
The Little Boy's Story; beautifully illustrated, $1.50.
A Memoir of Rev. John Keble. By Right Hon. Sir S. T. Coleridge; 2 volumes, $4.00.
Keble's Christian Year, new edition; $2.00.
Keble's New Poems; $2.00.
Arms and Armour. In antiquity and the middle ages, with a notice of modern weapons. $1.50.
Meteors and Atmospheric Phenomena, $1.50.
Tom Brown at Rugby, only 75 cents.
George Eliot's Novels; 5 volumes, uniform, each 75 cents.
Sybaris and other Homes. By E. E. Hale, $1.50.
Her Majesty's Tower. Second series, $1.50.
He that Ov-rcometh. By Broadman, $1.75.
For sale by R. S. DAVIS & CO

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK.
NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.
CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200.000
Stockholders Individually Liable.
BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.
JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
Thos. M. Marshall, Wm. T. Shannon, James W. Arrott, Chas. B. Lesch, John Floyd.
John M. Murtland, Archibald Wallace, Jas. D. Kelly, Wm. Floyd.
This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.
jel9:lyd

GOLD,
SILVER AND COUPONS
Bought at Highest Prices.
PH. R. MERTZ, Banker
Cor. Wood and Fifth Streets.
my8

JAMES T. BRADY & Co.,
(SUCCESSORS O S. JONES & CO.)
Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,
BANKERS,
BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,
ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.
Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, October 30, 1869.

The rumor afloat that the Secretary of the Treasury will increase his purchases of bonds and decrease the sales of gold in November, have had considerable effect on the market.

The bank statement is favorable, reserve having increased $2,666,624, against an increase in liabilities of $4,900,777. The million of treasury gold sold yesterday does not come within the scope of the statement. Loans, $33,094,885; increase, $1,503,708. Specie, $19,346,360; increase, $4,626,345. Circulation, $34,136,249; decrease, $68,186. Deposits, $180,828,882; increase, $5,029,963. Legal Tenders, $52,177,885; increase, $140,279.

Money easy at 5@7 per cent., chiefly 6. Sterling quiet at 109½@109¾ for sixty days, and dull; opened at the inclosed 120½, and closed at 120@120¾. Carrying rates 1@5 per cent. Specie export of to day $82,825; for the week, $684,655. Receips for customs during the week $2,360,708, and disbursements for coin interest $2,261,938.

Governments active and firmer most of the day, but closed dull, though steady. Coupons of '81, 119½@119¾; do '62, 119¾@120; do '64, 117¾@118; do '65, 118¾@118¾; do '65, new, 118½@118¾; do '67, 118¾@118¾; do '68, 118¾@118¾. Ten-forties, 107¾@108. Currency 6s, 7¾@8.

State bonds dull and steady, except Missouris and North Carolinas, which are lower. Missouris, 6s, old, 93¾@94; new, 90¾@91¾; 6s, old Virginias, 60@60½; new do., 52; old North Carolinas, 97¼; new do., 38¾.

Stocks heavy, and after second call declined ½@¾ per cent, closing weak. Canton, 47¾; Wabash, 79¾; Western Union Telegraph, 36¾; Quicksilver, 44¾; Mariposa, 8¾; preferred do, 16¾; Adams' Express, 67¾; Wells, 19; American, 35; United States, 60; Pacific Mail, 58¾; New York Central, 191¾; Erie, 29¾; preferred do, 85; Hudson River, 142¾; Reading, 96; Michigan Central, 121½; Lake Shore, 91¾; Illinois Central, 138; Pittsburgh, 86; Northwestern, 69½; do preferred, 84¾; Rock Island, 103¾; Fort Wayne, 97¾; Ohio & Mississippi, 29¾; Wabash, 62¾; do preferred, 75; Fort Wayne, 85¾; Terre Haute, 28; do preferred, 57; Chicago & Alton, 141½; do preferred, 146½; Ohio & Mississippi, 26; C. C. & I. C., 95; St. Joseph, 108¾.

Money, 6@7. Boston prices—Gold unset; 34; Hecla, 58; Quincy, 23.

Imports for the week—Dry goods, $15,303 09; general merchandise, $24,221 11.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
SATURDAY, October 30, 1869. }

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 120¼; Silver, 123; Eighty-one's, 119¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 120; do 1864, 118¾; do 1865, 118¾; do 1865, new, 118¾; do 1867, 116½; do 1868, 116¾; Ten Forties, 107⅝; New York Central, 92¾; Erie, 129½; Reading, 96¼; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 85¾; Ohio & Mississippi, 28; Michigan Southern, 91¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 86½; Chicago & Rock Island, 102¾; Chicago & North Western, 69½; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 85¾; Adams Express Company, 66; Merchants Union Express, 8¾; Pacific Mail, 58¾; Western Union Telegraph Company, 36¾; American Express Company 34¾.

EXCHANGE,	Large.	Small.
London, per £	486	486 45
Paris, per franc	25	27
Berlin, thaler	96	96½
Frankfort, florins	55	58

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
SATURDAY, October 30, 1869. }

REVIEW FOR THE WEEK.

This has been a very interesting week in oil circles, particularly during the last two or three days, nor is it confined to oil circles alone. The "corner in oil" seemed to be the principal theme of conversation among business men generally, particularly bankers. It is currently reported that some heavy capitalists, not directly engaged in the oil business, are rgely interested in the present family termed "bull movement," that they are not only loaned their credit, but dvanced large sums of money in order to assist those who are managing it, and, as a consequence, this is pronounced one of the most formidable movements of the kind ever attempted in the history of the trade.

As we have repeatedly noted within the past few days, it has been persistently denied on the one hand that any such thing as a "corner" was contemplated, while it has been just as firmly asserted on the other hand that this was the prime object of the whole movement, and that the "ropes" have been laid for the last sixty days with this object in view. Within the past few days, spot refined has advanced about 4 to 5 cents, and it sold to day for about 3 cents more than it would bring for November delivery. The public generally, appear to look upon the whole thing as an attempted "corner," and it does seem as though it was a partial success. Pittsburgh, it appears, has gone through thus far, all the "shorts," so far as we can learn, having succeeded in covering; though New York, it is said, was pretty badly squeezed, as there was a heavy October short interest there.

It was also rumored to-day, that the movements of yesterday and to day are a mere forestaste of what is to follow next month, and that those who are short for November, and possibly December, will experience a rougher time of it than those who were short for this month. Whether or not there is any truth in the last rumor, time alone will develop, though it does look as though we are to have stirring times in the oil business during the balance of this year.

Receipts of crude this week, 17,842; last week, 20,895; from January 1st to date 750,834; same time 1868, 951,659. Exports refined this week, 30,537; last week 23,402; from January 1st to date, 486,227; same time last year, 586,196. Sales this week, 25,000 bbls crude, 16,500 bbls refined; last week, 25,500 bbls crude, 25,000 refined. From the above it will be seen that the daily shipments this week averaged over 5,000 per day, and the aggregate for the week was the largest of the season.

CRUDE.

But a single sale reported, 3,000 bbls seller November, at 15¼. Spot nominal at 15½@15¾; November was freely offered at 15¼, also, seller 10 days, and seller December could probably have been bought at 15¾. Buyer all this year nominal at 15¾.

REFINED.

Sales, 1,000 spot at 36⅝; 1,000 do, at 36¾; two lots of 500 each November and December at 34. Later in the day spot was quoted at 37½@38, and November at 34½. It is probable that there was a good deal of oil sold in the east of which we have no account.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil..... 40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle..... 35c
Eclipse Machinery..... 75c
Eclipse Spindle..... 80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL BY A. V. R. R.

Wagner & Lsech 160 bbls, on account G. S. Thomas; D. Bly & Co. 53 on account John Kunkell; James Wilkins 240, Hutchinson Oil Co. 240, on account Philadelphia & Boston Pet. Co; Fisher 160, 320 on account H. H. Long; Eagle Oil Works, 160 on account Fayscott, L. & S; J. Wilkins 80 on account Fox & Funk; Cosmos Oil Works, 560 on account G. S. Thomas; Liberty Oil Works 80 on account G. S. Thomas; Hutchinson Oil Co., 320 on account Cowston & Sowers; Peerless Oil Works 160 on account Rees Bros.; Eclipse Oil Works 160 on account Cowston & Sowers; Waring, King & Co. 320 on account Pool Bro. Total..... 2,853

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Citizens Oil Co., 80 bbls refined to Tack Bro., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner 250 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bo., 45 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.

McKelvy & Bro., 1,010 bbls ref. oil to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Forsyth & Bro., 323 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Standard Oil Co., 301 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Fulton, M. & Co., 500 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co. 264 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, L. & S. 197 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

W. W. Magee & Co., 215 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

D. Bly, 50 bbls Lubricating oil to Maysville. Total..... 3,032

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

Holdship & Co. 50 bbls farenheit to Wallace, Curtis & Co., Philadelphia.

A. D. Millar 41 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Union Refining Co. 363 bbls oil to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

J. C. Kirkpatrick, 102 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total, 509 bbls refined, 90 bbls farenheit.

OIL SHIPPED EAST AT PHILADELPHIA DEPOT

Brooks, Balentine & Co. 96 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Atlantic Oil Works 100 brls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia. Total..... 196 bbls

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
SATURDAY, October 30, 1869. }

Business, generally, has been rather slack during the past week, and at present there are no indications of any immediate improvement. The demand for almost everything is confined entirely to supplying immediate wants, and, besides, the want of confidence in regard to values, has a tendency to retard business and restrict operations. The grain market is particularly panicky, owing to the steady decline in prices for sometime past, and it does not look as though the bottom had been touched yet; holders, generally, if compelled to sell now would lose money. Flour, also, is weak and drooping with pretty large stocks almost everywhere.

APPLES—Are coming in more freely and the market easier, though prices are unchanged, ranging from $3 to 4 per bbl.

ASHES—Steady but unchanged—4@4½ for Soda, and 9 for Pearls.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Sales at 4½@5 cents.

BUTTER—Is coming in freely, and with an accumulation of stock, the market is dull and prices lower—we now quote at 30@32, with a sale reported of 1,500 lbs prime roll at 30.

BEANS—Are quoted at from $2,50@3 per bush.

CRANBERRIES—Sales at $9,00@12,00 as to quality, and $18,00@18,00 for "Sackett's" Belle berries.

CHESTNUTS—Offering pretty freely, and prices are weak, ranging from $5 to $5,50 per bush.

CHEESE—Is firm and tending upward; we now quote at 16@20, the outside figure for prime New York Goshen.

CARBON OIL—Is firm and tending upward, and we now quote at 30½@31½ for Standard brands.

CIDER—Is selling at from $7 to $9 per bbl, according to quality and size of barrel.

DRIED FRUIT—Sales of apples at 8 to 10 cts, and Peaches 9@10 cts. for "quarters," and 12@13 for halves.

EGGS—In rather better supply and the market is scarcely as strong; we now quote at 32@33.

FEATHERS—In better demand and higher, and we now quote at 58@59 to the trade, and the usual advance for small lots in store.

FLOUR—There is no improvement to note in the demand, and while the receipts continue liberal and the market dull, prices are unchanged, $6@6,50 for good to choice western winter wheats.

GRAIN—There is considerable Wheat offering, and so far as we can learn, there are no buyers here above $1,10@1,18, for good to prime lots; sales at 46@47 on spot, and 45 to arrive, buyer furnishing sacks. Prime Ear Corn is selling at 95 by car load and $1,00 in store; we can report sale of 175 sks new ear at 85; new shelled we now quote at 90@95—the outside figure for prime Penna. and Ohio. Barley is unchanged at $1,25@1,30, for good to choice.

HAY—May be fairly quoted at $18@20 per ton, from country wagons.

HIDES—Are dull and unchanged at 7@8c.

HOMINY—Sales at $6,25@6,50.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland white lime at $2,60@2,25 per bbl.

LARD OIL—Sales of extra No. 1, at $1,42@1,45, and No. 2, at $1,06@1,08.

LARD—In barrels, sales at $2,50@3,00 per bbl, the outside figure for choice.

POTATOES—Sale Baltimore sweets at $3,75@4 per bbl, and prime Jerseys at $4,50. Peach Blows 50 cents per bushel.

PROVISIONS—Shoulders, at 17@17¾; Clear Ribbed Sides, 20¾; Ribbed Sides, 20; plain Sugar Cured Hams, 23@23¾. Prime kettle rendered Lard, 19¾@20 in tierces and 21 Mess Pork, $37,50@38.

POULTRY—Sales of chickens at 55 to 65 cents per pair, according to size.

SEEDS—Sales of flaxseed at $2,40, and but little offering in this market. Timothy seed is dull and nominal at $4@4¼. Nothing doing in Clover seed.

SALT—In fair inquiry, with sales of car load lots at $1,85 per bbl.

STRAW—Sold in Allegheny market at $12 per ton.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, October 30.—Ashes, pots $7,62. Cotton quiet; sales of 2800 bales at 29½c for uplands. Flour; receipts of 7034 bbls; heavy and unchanged; sales of 9600 bbls at $5,15@5,40 for state western, $5,75@6,25 for extra state, $5,55@6,25 for extra western, $6,30@7, for white wheat extra, $5,85@6,45 for R. H. O., $6,25@6,75 fer extra St. Louis, $7,00@8,50 for good choice do. closing quiet; California and Oregon dull. Rye flour quiet; sales of 150 bbls at $4,75@6. Whisky dull; sales of 150 bbls western at $1,21@121½ free. Wheat; receipts 287,790 bushels, 1@2c better and more active sales 72,000 bushels at $1,35@1,45 for No. 2 rejected No. 3 spring, $1,36@1,35 for No. 2 do., $1,40 for No. 1 do., $1,28@1,41 for very common to choice winter red Illinos, $1,40@1,44 for winter red and amber western, $1,50@1,58 for white Michigan, $1,60 for white southern. Rye steady. Barley declining; sales 1,600 bush at $1,25 for two-rowed State, $1,40 for four-rowed State, $1,45 for Canada. Corn, receips were 230,001 bush; market heavy and 2 @3c lower; sales were inside of 78,000 bush at 86@87½ lots for unsound mixed western, $1,03@1,05 for sound do., $1,08 for yellow western. Oats—receipts 99,207 bu and 1@2c better; sales 57,000 bu at 63@66c for new southern and western. Sugar quiet; sales 500 bbls at 12¾@13¼c for Cuba; 12¾@12½c for Porto Rico. Hops quiet at 15@20c for American. Petroleum at 19c for crude; 33½c for refined. Coal quiet. Leather—hemlock sole firm at 29@29½. Buenos Ayres and Rio Grande light middle and heavy weights steady firm; sales 750,000 lbs at 48@53c for domestic fleece; 36c for unwashed; 42c for pulled. Linseed oil dull, sales at 90c, but in the jobbing way brings 92@95c. Petroleum 25@35c for refined. Groceries unchanged. Rice, sales 400 tierces at $1,80@1,90, and dull. Gold 120 buying. Exchange steady, 1-10 per cent. discount buying.

ST. LOUIS, October 30.—Tobacco in good demand and prices strong. Cotton dull and heavy; small lots sold at 27½@28c. Hemp quiet and firm; sales 50 tons choice undressed at $1,75. Flour very dull; fall super $4,50; X $4,75@4,85; XX $5,25@6,00; XXX $6; family $6,50@7. Wheat lower but irregular; No 2 spring 92c; No. 1 do, $1; No. 2 red fall $1,02½@1,03; No. 1 do do, $1,06@1,07; nothing doing at $1,10@1,50; prime to fancy white at $1,20@1,40. Corn dull; yellow in bulk at 73c, mixed in sacks at 82c, fancy white at 85c. Oats very dull; in bulk at 43@44c, in sacks at 48@49c. Barley all sailing; $1,20@1,30 for choice; very little offered to sell; prime to choice Minnesota at $1,10@1,25, choice fall at $1,45. Rye slow but firm at 71@80c for common to fancy. Whisky dull at $1,12½. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Provisions—Pork firm; 1,230 bbls sold, mess at $36 for No. 1. Freights 5 @6 for Buffalo and Oswego. Receipts—flour 5,239 bbls, wheat 17,850, corn 5,240, oats 1,500, rye 2,620 bush. Shipments—flour 6,500 bbls, wheat 17,570, corn 17,000, oats 1,200, rye 1,000.

MILWAUKEE, October 30.—Flour unchanged, choice Iowa and Minnesota $8@8,50. Wheat steady, $1,05@1,07 for No. 1, 93½@94c for No. 2. Oats dull, 36c for No. 2. Corn firm at 70c for No. 2. Rye: more inquiry, 73c for No. 1. Barley nominal. Grain freights firmer, 9½c and 15½c to Buffalo and Oswego. Receipts: 400 bbls flour, 152,000 bushels wheat, 7,000 bush oats.

NEW ORLEANS, October 30. Cotton firmer; middling at 24⅝@25c, sales of 3200 bales, receipts of 4122 bales. Sugar lower; centrifugal at 12½@12¾c, yellow clarified at 12¾c prime at 13c. Molasses lower; centrifugal at 50c, fair 77½c, prime 86@90c. Whiskey dull; sales of 200 bbls rectified at $1,25. Other articles unchanged. Gold $1,29¼. Sterling 30¼. New York sight, par.

OSWEGO, Oct. 30.—Flour active and unchanged; sales 2,300 bbls. Wheat quiet; sales No. 1 Milwaukee club nominally at $1,35. Corn dull; sales 3,000 bush No. 2 at 86c. Barley quiet and no sales. Corn meal at $1,90 per cwt. Freights unchanged. Lake imports—80,600 bu barley. Canal exports—7,500 bu wheat, 7,000 bu corn, 67,600 bu barley.

DETROIT, October 30.—Flour in demand and active at $5,00@6,00; stock is nearly exhausted. Wheat firm with a moderately fair demand for extra white at $1,27, No. 1 do $1,11½; regular $1,05, amber $1,06. Barley dull at $2@2,05 per cental. Millstuffs dull for lack of transportation.

NASHVILLE, October 30.—Cotton: low middling 23½c, good ordinary 23c. Wheat: $1,05 for amber, $1,10 for white. Corn $1,10. Oats 65c. Rye $1. Barley $1,25. Flour: $5@7 for superfine to fancy. Bacon: sides 20c, shoulders 17½, hams 22c. Lard 18c.

BALTIMORE, October 30.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull, prime to choice red at $1,35@1,40. Corn dull, new white at 90c, yellow at 86c. Oats at 57c. Rye nominally at $1,00@1,08. Provisions unchanged. Whisky dull and lower at $1,07.

CHICAGO, October 30.—Cattle dull and weak: $3@3,75 for Texan; $4@4,60 for good stockers and butchers' stock; $4,75@5,55 for light to fair fleshy steers. Hogs quiet at $8@8,70 for common, $9,50@9,60 for good, and $9,60@9,90 for choice to extra. Sheep quiet at $4@5,25.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 30.—Flour unchanged. Wheat: sales of choice at $1,55@1,60. Legal Tenders 77½.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, October 30.—The markets, as usual towards the close of the week and end of the month, are inert and lack, although prices are without material change, being steady and very low for fabrics, excepting specialities, such as black alpaca and staple goods, which are steady and in fair request; heavy brown sheeting of best makes steady at 16@16½c, the latter extreme 20 at 21c; 7/8 Nanz, 100 bbls flour, Geo Stewart; 15 bbls peas, Chas Rees; 12 bbls apples, Rose & Ewing; 11 box cheese, J Ballogh; 258 bbls oil cake meal, Graff, Bennett & Co; 1 do shingles, McKirdy & McGinniss; 1 do lumber, J Nanz; 100 bbls flour, Geo Stewart; 15 bbls peas, Chas Rees; 12 bbls apples, Rose & Ewing; 11 box cheese, J Ballogh; 258 bbls oil cake meal, Graff, Bennett & Co; 1 do shingles, McKirdy & McGinniss; 1 do lumber, J Nanz; 100 bbls flour, Geo Stewart; 15 bbls peas, Chas Rees; 12 bbls apples, Rose & Ewing; 11 box cheese, A & J Kerr; 20 do do, Johnston & Griffin; 20 do do, J Bell; 20 do do, A J Hagan; 1 car wooden ware, Dilworth, H & Co; 1 do do, Watt, Lang & Co; 1 do oats, John White Jr; 1 do barley, Gray & Sons; 5 bdls leather, M Delange; 1 car oil, Graff, Byers & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD October 30.—5 cars pig iron, Graff, Bennett & Co; 1 car lake superior ore, Graff & Co; 2 do iron ore, Bryan & Caughey; 8 do do, Shoenberger, Blair & Co; 1 do lake sup ore, Hussey, Wells & Co; 2 do iron ore, Union Iron Mills; 1 car lake sup ore, McKnight, P & Co; 2 do lumber, R P Burgar; 1 do do, Mellon & Scaife; 1 do coal, Campbell, Mullin & M; 3 do bullets, Nimick & Co; 179 sks rye, Dillinger & S; 17 do do, McHenry & H; 5 bdls oil, S B Floyd & Co; 5 firkins butter, Woodworth & Jr; 10 bbls salt, S P Shriver & Co; 132 sks corn; 10 bbls apples, McRane & A; 80 sks oats, 46 bbls apples, W H Graff & Co; 40 bbls apples, P Duff & Son; 143 do do, 1 do eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 48 bbls apples, Van Gorder & S; 9 do do, J Rippert; 148 do do, Bruggerman & Co; 200 do do, Day & Co; 125 do do, J A Graff; 42 do do, Head & M; 36 do do, H Rea Jr; 6 bbls apples, 6 do cider, S Doyol; 12 do apples, W C Armstrong.

ALLEGHENY STATION, October 30.—1 car barley, M Heckelman; 5 cars oats, Balya & Robertson; 3 do meal, Lindsey & Mattheson; 1 car cooperage, J M Hemphill; 1 do rye, 80 bgs feed, R Knox & Son; 10 sks onions, M Longmoore; 8 bdls hides, W Fiacens & Son; 2 cars, barley, J Rhodes & Co; 50 bgs feed, W C Brown; 1 car, Bassett, S P Shriver & Co; 2 cars wheat Kennedy Bro; 2 cars meial, Graff, Bennett & Co; 1 do shingles, McKirdy & McGinniss; 1 do lumber, J Nanz; 100 bbls flour, Geo Stewart; 15 bbls peas, Chas Rees; 12 bbls apples, Rose & Ewing; 11 box cheese, J Ballogh; 258 bbls oil cake meal, Graff, Bennett & Co; 1 do shingles, McKirdy & McGinniss; 1 do lumber, J Nanz; 100 bbls flour, Geo Stewart; 15 bbls peas, Chas Rees; 12 bbls apples, Rose & Ewing; 11 box cheese, A & J Kerr; 20 do do, Johnston & Griffin; 20 do do, J Bell; 20 do do, A J Hagan; 1 car wooden ware, Dilworth, H & Co; 1 do do, Watt, Lang & Co; 1 do oats, John White Jr; 1 do barley, Gray & Sons; 5 bdls leather, M Delange; 1 car oil, Graff, Byers & Co.

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ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, October 30,—3 cars railroad iron Iowa Central R R; 1 car meal, Rees, Graff & Bell; 1 do do, Graff & Byers; 1 car meal, H Woodsides; 85 sks wheat, 20 do rye, 68 do oats, Scott & Gisal; 87 sks oats, J Carothers; 11 sks corn Adams & Aus tin; 9 sks onions, E Hazleton; 20 sks rye, J Hannah; 2 bbls onions, 1 pkg butter, Voigt, Manood & Co.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede steadily at this point with 34 inches in the channel by the Monongahela marks. Weather clear and cold.

The New State from Wheeling is the only arrival we have to report.

—The Lorena is loading at Cincinnati for New Orleans.

—The Mary Davage went to St. Louis without barges and without freight.

—The Camelia, St. Louis to Pittsburgh, was to have left Cincinnati on Friday evening.

—The Lighwood is running in connection with the Mayflower in Upper Ouachita.

—A great many boats are reported aground on the different bars along the Lower Ohio.

—We learn that Capt. Holloway has recently purchased a fine residence in Covington, fronting on the river. The price paid was $11,000.

—Capt. J. M. Gilham, of the steamer Big Horn, has purchased the steamer Julia D, at St. Louis, and will run her in the Red river trade this season.

—Capt. John D. Adams, of the Memphis and Cincinnati packet Jas. Poe, has expended $100,000 in boat building, at Cincinnati, this season.

—Capt. O. Palmer has gone to the wreck of the Ora S. to look after the interests of the Cincinnati underwriters. The boat was insured for only $5,000.

—A late New Orleans paper, says: The Julia Bulkley left here on Saturday, having made the round trip to Shreveport and back in eight days, and the run from Shreveport to port in two days and eighteen hours.

—The steamer Linton, from Memphis to Fort Smith, Arkansas, which was burned on the night of the 22d inst., on Sunday near the mouth of Arkansas River, and sunk. Boat and cargo a total loss. She was valued at $9,000, and insured by Captain Hay wood, of Memphis, now.

—The Government improvement of the Ohio river at Burlington Island, which has been in operation some time, is almost completed. The steam dredge Monongahela, owned by the Monongahela Dredge Company, has been at work on the island for the past month, and will complete the work about the 8th proximo, when it is expected a great improvement will have been made at this point. It is proposed to commence operations at Gallipolis, Letart, Wheeling Islands, Lima and Merriman's. This will be of very great importance to river men and others interested in the free navigation of the Ohio.

—Competition in Red River has reduced the rates of freight to a low figure at New Orleans. Abundance of the Texas cotton crop, and the large crop in Louisiana, has charged their cargoes at Shreveport, charging three-card rates. Asking return cargoes, and not meeting with as much success as was desired—in the way of freights, the boats will probably be taken off at $2,50 per bale, which will bring favorably received by shippers, the Indianola cotton to $1,00 per bale, and solicited orders for up-freight at one card rates. Since then the rate has been reduced to $2,00 and the boats as to which will carry lowest. The New Orleans *Commercial Bulletin*, of Saturday, quotes rates at straight card to Shreveport, and card one half to Jefferson. The Ouachita trade promises to be very active. Grain freights are already so. Bend freight is abundant and going cheap.

RIVER PACKETS.

VICKSBURG, NEW ORLEANS.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.
The splendid low pressure steamer
GREAT REPUBLIC, Capt. W. B. DOUGLASS.
Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 31st, at 5 P. M. and will leave St. Louis for New Orleans on SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 30th, at 5 P. M. and will leave Cairo for New Orleans on TUESDAY, November 1st, positively. Passengers can reach her at Cairo by leaving Pittsburg on Friday afternoon via Indianapolis.
GIBRIST & SWANEY,
oc28 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

LOUISVILLE.

FOR MADISON AND LOUISVILLE.—The fine passenger steamer
SALLIE.....Capt. T. S. CALHOUN.
Will leave as above on FRIDAY, October 29th, at 10 A. M.
oc28 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.
THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS
Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated
CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP,
CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF LONDON,
Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45, North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to
WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr.
143 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh.

WALL PAPERS.

ELEGANT
PAPER HANGINGS.
Enameled Wall Papers in plain tints impervious to soot and smoke. Vermillion grounds with gold and silver. FRESCOES, OILS, VETS, INDIA TAPESTRY, GREEK PANELS stamped and printed gold.
Newly imported and not to be found elsewhere in the country. For sale at
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
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DECORATIONS—In Wood, Marble and Stone, Imitations for Walls and Ceilings of Dining Rooms, Halls, &c., at No. 107 Market street.
S. HUGHES & BRO.

STAMPED GOLD PAPERS for Borders, at No. 107 Market street.
JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.
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K. SWINT.....J. M. BRATT.
SWINT & BRATT,
ARCHITECTURAL AND
ORNAMENTAL CARVERS
No. 62 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.
A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descriptions done. jy30:lyd

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between FRANK L. ASH and J. R. MURPHY, as CASE & MURPHY, in the publication of the Daily and Sunday Republic, ceased Oct. 27, 1869. The publication of the Republic will be continued by J. R. Murphy, who alone is authorized to settle the business of the late firm.
FRANK L. CASE.
J. R. MURPHY.
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 28, 1869. oc29

RED AND FIRE BRICK
PRESSED, CLAY TEMPERING MACHINES and BRICK MAKER'S TOOLS manufactured at No. 309 South Fifth street, Philadelphia, Pa.
oc29:3 S. P. MILLER.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

JUST OUT.
CHEREET PECTORAL TROCHES,
FOR COLDS, COUGHS SORE THROAT AND
None so good. None so pleasant.
None Cure so Quick.
HUSHTON & Co.,
10 ANN STREET, NEW YORK.

THE HEALING POOL.—
ALL WHO WANT YOUNG MEN, who have fallen into vicious habits, and now desire a higher standard better MARRIAGE, with certain means of securing the same, should send their address for circulars free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box E, Philadelphia, Penna.
oc26:lyd&eow

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.
This splendid HAIR DYE is the best in the world; perfect in every respect. Free from all the ingredients, so disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes, and leaves the hair soft and beautiful, black or brown. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. Factory and Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York.
my21:lyd

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONSULTED TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. Young men, who have been resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervousness, lassitude, fear and blushes, nocturnal emissions, and finally impotency permanently cured. Persons afflicted with inflammation and long standing constitutional constitutes are positively invited to call for consultation, which is cheerfully given. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies for all diseases of the sexual organs, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared expressly for each individual case. Rooms, reception and waiting rooms, also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily treatment and watching and nursing. Special caution that concentrating the famed mineral springs, Dr. Whittier's Sanitarium at Saratoga Lake. Read what no expense, his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address free of postage. Dr. Whittier has been longer engaged in the treatment of cases than all advertising physicians in the country. Consultation free. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for free distribution. Office No. 4 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for free distribution.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS. These Medicines form a Liver Compound and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They liquefy the bile and cause it to be discharged into the duodenum, when it mixes with the food and digests it, so that it is ready to form into blood, the patient begins to grow in flesh, the diseased matter ripens in the lungs, and the patient recovers from disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To those afflicted with Dyspepsia, Dr. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary complaints. By the use of his remedies the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, which you can control or not, as you please; the cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal. Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver. Nature will then throw off the food which will make good blood.

Schenck's Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved. Those who have used Dr. Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented exceeding them for the cure of Costiveness, Sick Headache, Jaundice, mixed with great care, I that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver. Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Dyspepsia.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the assistant in the Seaweed, which is a tonic, and the Mandrake Pills which act upon the liver, stomach and bowels, and relieve them of their diseased action, and by using these medicines in connection with proper exercise and the moderate use of food, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood, and as soon as the body becomes nourished with good blood, the cough will leave of itself, the liver will regain its healthy action, the bowels will become regular

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city for six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum:* 3 *mos.,* $2.

Whisky had ten representatives in the Allegheny lock up yesterday morning.

Completed.—It is expected that the new freight house of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad, at Cleveland, will be ready for use next week.

Officer Alf. Gabby, of the Allegheny police force, while riding a velocipede Saturday morning, accidentally ran into a lamp post and sprained his ankle badly.

Cherry Alley.—Nora Welsman was charged before the Mayor, Saturday, on oath of Elizabeth Plummer, with keeping a bawdy house. A warrant was issued.

Y. M. C. A.—The annual election for Directors of the Young Men's Christian Association will be held at the rooms of the Association, 23 Fifth avenue, Monday, Nov. 1, 1869.

Belligerent.—William Olt complained to Alderman Taylor, Saturday morning, that Thomas Cornelius had struck him in the face with his fist. The police are looking for Thomas.

Abandonment.—Saturday morning Mary Miller made information before Alderman Taylor, charging her husband, Thomas Miller, with abandonment. Warrant issued.

Released.—Catharine Buseman, who was some time since committed to jail in default of bail on a charge of keeping a bawdy house, was released on Saturday, having procured the required bail.

Arm Broken.—Willie Johnston, reading on Tunnel street, fell through the trestle work of the Connellsville Railroad, near the gas works, on Saturday morning, and broke his right arm between the wrist and elbow.

Watched.—Alderman Nseper Saturday issued a warrant for the arrest of Thomas Dowling, on an information for larceny as bailee, preferred by Adam Showers, who alleges he loaned him a watch which he persistently refuses to return.

Robbery.—Saturday night a carpenter shop on Robinson street, Allegheny, was broken into and several chisels and other tools, suitable for burglaring, carried off, doubtless by some of some night prowling thief in his nefarious operations elsewhere. No clue.

The new addition to the jail was occupied for the first time by the prisoners on Friday. It is quite an agreeable change from the old quarters. The work of remodeling is progressing vigorously and the old building begins to assume a more modernized appearance.

Mayor's Morning Court.—There were twenty-nine unfortunate victims before Mayor Brush yesterday morning, twenty-one for drunkenness and eight for disorderly conduct. Ten paid the required fines and costs, one was discharged, and the remaining eighteen were committed to jail.

Personal.—The Philadelphia *Post* has the following personal item:—Rev. Alexander Clark, pastor of the First Methodist Church, Pittsburgh, is in this city. Mr. Clark, who was formerly associate pastor with the late Rev. Thos. H. Stockton, at Eleventh and Wood streets, has many friends in this city.

Appealed.—A hearing was had on Saturday in the case of Kinney Koff, Salt Inspector, against Wm. Haslage, grocer, for refusing to allow him to inspect a quantity of salt, on the ground that it was imported and did not come under the act. Alderman Thomas gave judgment for the penalty, $50, against the defendant, after consultation with the City Solicitor. The defendant, however, appealed and gave bail for Court.

Grand Demonstration.—The Independent Order of Odd Fellows of this county, will have a grand regalia parade on the 18th inst., Thanksgiving day, on which occasion the corner stone of the new Odd Fellows Hall, in Birmingham, will be laid. The officers of the Grand Lodge of the State will be present, and in addition to the lodges in this county a number of lodges from a distance are expected to participate in the ceremonies.

Home Again.—Our well known fellow citizen, Dr. George H. Keyser, after an extended professional visit to the principal cities of the east, has returned home, and will be found at usual at his office. He made many valuable and practical observations regarding medical science, having visited the principal institutions for the treatment of disease, in view of adopting in his own practice any improvements introduced. We are glad to extend him welcome.

7-40 Gold Bonds—A Rare Chance for Profitable Investment.

We direct the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. W. Bailey Lang & Co., offering a limited amount of 7-40 Gold Bonds issued by the Chicago, Danville and Vincennes Railroad Company, and for the sale of which Messrs. S. McClean & Co, No. 45 Fourth Avenue, are the agents in this city. A safer and better investment of capital could not well be made, and we doubt not that our men of means will take a considerable portion of the loan.

The Liquor Dealers.

A meeting of the Committee on Organization of the liquor dealers was held Saturday afternoon, and the following resolutions adopted:

Resolved, That each and every dealer will contribute towards defraying the expenses of sending two delegates to the Chicago Convention on the 24th of November, to represent the interests of the trade in this city.

Resolved, That a general meeting of all the liquor dealers in this vicinity be held on November 15th to elect and instruct delegates.

City Expenditures.

The following is an exhibit of the City expenditures for the month of October, as shown by the Controller's books, exclusive of a few outstanding bills which have not yet been presented and for which warrants have not been issued:

Appropriation		
No. 1—Interest		$ 472 38
" 2—Paving		923 01
" 4—Engine and Hose		5,187 47
" 5—Police (pa)		3,181 25
Do. second district		3,809 34
" 6—Water Works		4,627 69
" 7—streets—first district		1,130 80
Do. second district		1,127 50
Do. third district		1,053 10
Engineer's Department		1,223 18	6,712 26
" 9—Diamond Market		264 05
" 10—Monongahela Wharf		15 91
" 11—Allegheny Wharf		15 91
" 13—Contingent Fund		4,201 56
" 16—Printing		225 14
" 20—Ward Market		31 50
" 21—Fire Alarm Telegraph		317 46
" 22—Streets, first district	1,296 45	
Do. second district	1,166 56	
Do. third district	1,340 22	3,803 22
" 23—Surveys		866 66
" 24—Water Extension		4,062 75
Sinking Fund		18,000 00

Samuel Gordon's Will.

The will of Samuel Gordon, Esq., deceased, who was one of the leading merchants of Allegheny city, has been admitted to probate. After making liberal provision for the widow and children, the following bequests are made to charitable and religious institutions:

To Passavants Hospital, $1,000. To the Second United Presbyterian Church, (Dr. Clark's) Allegheny, $5,000. To Rev. Witherspoon, $1,000. To Home, $3,000, to be appropriated for the erection of a United Presbyterian Church in the Third ward, Allegheny. To the Home of the Friendless $500. A bequest of $950 is made to the fund for the erection of a monument to the memory of Rev. John Rogers, D. D., deceased, who for many years was pastor of the Second United Presbyterian Church, Allegheny. A provision is inserted in the will to the effect that if any legal difficulty should arise so as to render the bequests void the amounts are to revert to his wife, who will see that his wishes are carried into effect.

Complimentary Supper to Mark Twain.

Mr. S. T. Clements, better known as "Mark Twain," the greatest of American humorists, arrived in the city on Saturday and put up at the Monongahela House. On Saturday evening the gentlemen of the lecture committee of the Mercantile Library Association, under whose auspices he is to lecture to-night at the Academy, tendered him a banquet at McGinley's elegant dining hall, on Wood street. There were present a large number of representatives of the city press and members of the Library Association. After partaking of a splendid supper the remainder of the evening was spent in social conversation. Mr. Clements is very entertaining and sociable. He is funny in everything he says and yet his drollery is natural, not forced or affected. We hope to see the Academy crowded to-night with our appreciative people, as a rich fund of humor is in store for those who may attend.

On behalf of the press we feel it is due to return thanks to the gentlemen of the Library Association for the marked and liberal hospitality extended a brother journalist who is so eminently worthy proper regard and appreciation in intellectual circles.

Serious Accident—Horse Killed and Man Injured.

An accident of a serious nature, and which will, in all probability, be attended with more serious consequences to some individual, occurred Saturday evening on Liberty street, near the Grain Elevator. Mr. Jacob Metz, formerly a member of the police force, and a friend, whose name we did not learn, hired a horse and buggy from Mr. Fitzsimmons, livery stable keeper on Irwin street, Saturday evening, to take a drive, and about half-past six o'clock, while driving along Liberty street at the place mentioned, the horse ran into the excavation for the Canal street sewer, which crosses Liberty, from Canal to Washington street. The horse's neck was broken, killing him instantly, and Mr. Metz was thrown out of the buggy into the excavation and had three of his ribs broken by the fall. His companion escaped uninjured, but the buggy was completely demolished. It is alleged that the hands working at the excavation had quit work at six o'clock in the evening and left the excavation without placing proper barricades or guards at the street crossings to prevent the occurrence of such accidents, and if such be the case, the contractor, Mr. William Dean, will probably have a bill of damages to pay. The horse and wagon or buggy, we are informed, were valued at over a hundred dollars, and the injuries sustained by Mr. Metz, would entitle him to recover a much larger sum.

The carelessness of contractors under circumstances of this kind has frequently been complained of and condemned through the daily press, but the criticisms have been unheeded, and, we presume, will be until some one is required to pay heavy damages as the result of their carelessness which doubtless would have the desired result in that particular case at least, and might serve as a warning to others.

S. F. Von Bonhorst, Esq.,

Secretary and Treasurer of the Safe Deposit Company, has sent us a neatly framed and beautiful photographic view of the substantial and ornate stone edifice, recently erected and occupied by the Company, on Fourth avenue. The picture is an artistic success, giving a correct idea only of the external design of the building. The interior economy, however, is where the genius of the architect is seen displayed. The great burglar and fire-proof steel vault, with its thousands of separate receptacles, each one a special contrivance to keep safe the money and valuable papers of the person who, for a trifling annual rent, secures the exclusive control of it. Persons and firms who own valuable title papers, articles of agreement, or of co-partnership, notes, bonds, money, jewelry, &c., should inspect the interior arrangements of this public Safe Depository, and see for themselves how perfect and all sufficient, how impregnable from fire and to all the arts of the burglar, the great vault and all its compartments have been made. Such a visit can scarcely fail to determine the visitor to avail himself at once of the advantages here provided. Here, even valuables is safer than in your store, counting room or dwelling, there is constant peril of fire and robbery.

The Safe Deposit Company is a new institution in Pittsburgh, made necessary by the great accumulation of wealth among the people. The present company comprises in its officers and directors some of our citizens eminent for their wealth, integrity and prudence, thus offering a guarantee of an honest and wise management. We know of no better service we can do our readers than to persuade them to agree with us in our high assertion of the great utility of the Safe Deposit Company, and not to wait until the horse be stolen and then regret that the stable had not been locked.

Alleged Homicide.

Saturday morning Henry Canby, of Allegheny, was arrested on a warrant issued by the Mayor on an information made by Andrew Henderson, charging Canby with the murder of Alexander Best, whose body was found in the Allegheny river Friday evening, an account of which was published in the GAZETTE of Saturday. The coroner's jury, it will be remembered, returned a verdict of "accidental drowning," but since the inquest certain facts have transpired which lead the friends of the deceased to believe that he came to his death by violence at the hands of Canby, and think the body was afterwards thrown into the river to conceal the crime. It is alleged that Canby and Best were drinking together on Thursday evening, and that they quarreled at the Valley Hotel. The difficulty was settled, however, and they left the house together to go home. When officers Strain and Cupples arrested Canby, it is alleged that he made conflicting statements relative to where and when he had last seen Best previous to his death. He will have a hearing at ten o'clock this morning, when we presume much will fully transpire, and we prefer to wait the result of the hearing before making further comments, or stating any more of the rumors that are in circulation relative to the matter, which if untrue would work injury to the accused.

The body of Best, which was removed to Steubenville for burial, has not yet been interred, and a *post mortem* examination will be held upon it to ascertain whether there is any ground for the suspicions that have been aroused relative to the matter.

A Brutal Mother.

Coroner Clawson was called upon Saturday to hold an inquest on the body of a child four month old, the son of Patrick Howley. It appeared from the testimony that the father of the child has been absent from home for some months, but has contributed during that time his small money to the mother who is an intemperate creature, and instead of taking proper care of her children expended the money for whiskey.

Dr. James Kerr gave it as his opinion that the death of the child was caused from a want of proper care and attention on the part of its mother.

Mrs. Ann Regler, sworn—Have lived eight months in the second story of the house where the parents of the child reside; about eight o'clock this (Saturday) morning the child had ran the child had died during the night; the mother has been drunk for several days; her husband has been away, and had given her money which she spent for whisky; she paid no attention to the child; the child was born on the 5th of July 1865.

Bartholemew Klingler, sworn—Live next door to the parents of the child; the mother does not take any care of her children; she has not been sober the past two weeks; on Friday night she was singing a drunken song, while her children were crying around her.

The following verdict was returned: That the deceased, Michael Howley came to his death on the night of the 29th of October, 1869, in East Birmingham, from want of care and wilful neglect on the part of the mother, Sarah Howley.

The Aquatic Fiasco.

Henry Coulter published a card in yesterday's *Leader* in which he endeavored to explain how it happened that there was no boat race between himself and Mekeil. Of course his statement of the case bears probably on his own part of the fiasco and lays most, if not all, of the blame to the charge of the Cold Harbor oarsman. He concludes his card as follows: "In this connection I will also state that the reports current for the last few days, and referred to it in the daily papers, that the race was not to be a *bona fide* one, were entirely unfounded. The matter of selling a race was never broached to me, and I have more pride in myself than to stoop so low as over to make, or even listen to such a proposition. This explanation is hardly necessary to my friends, but to convince those in doubt on the subject I make this statement, which I am ready to back with my oath.

In conclusion I will state that noting in the daily papers that Mekiel's backer offered to back him (Mekiel) for a race on the Hudson, for from one thousand to twenty-five hundred dollars a side, I will row Mr. Mekell, on the Hudson river, a five mile race for double that amount, two thousand dollars a side, with the same articles of agreement upon which Walter Brown and I rowed."

New Advertising Agency.

Dr. I. G. Hubbs, of New York City, who has so long been identified with the Advertising Agency of Peaslee & Co., has established himself in the same line of business at No. 5 Beekman street. Few gentlemen in the country more thoroughly understand the science of advertising than Dr. Hubbs, and none have had larger experience and more general acquaintance with the press of the country. We commend him to our friends who may have business to transact through an advertising agency, as a fair dealing, honorable and accommodating gentleman, from whom they can repose the fullest amount of confidence.

The Weed Sewing Machine has not presented its claims prominently before the public for a few days, owing to the confusion resulting from a change of management, but having recovered from this temporary check, and having perfected arrangements for extending its sphere of usefulness, it begs to claim the largest share of public favor as its right, and asks the people for a substantial verdict in its behalf, to be given at 116 Market street, where the closest attention will be given to the wants of those favoring us with a call.

JNO. BIGGERT & SON, Agents.

THE COURTS.

United States Court—Judge McCandless.

SATURDAY, October 30.—John Allingham, convicted some days since of retailing liquor without payment of the special tax, was this morning sentenced to pay the special tax and a fine of ten dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment of sixty days in the common jail of the County of Washington.

The case of the United States vs. Demas Luiz and Xavier Wolz was tried and a verdict of not guilty rendered.

A motion in arrest of judgment and for a new trial was made in the case of the United States vs. John and James Wright.

Supreme Court—Full Bench.

SATURDAY, October 30.—The Supreme Court met at 10 o'clock A. M., a full bench being present. The following business was disposed of:

Powers et al.'s appeal, Westmoreland county. Argued by Cowan for appellant, and by Foster, contra.

McGinty vs. McGinty, Westmoreland county. Argued by Cowan for plaintiff in error, and by A. A. Stewart and Foster, contra.

Paul vs. Halperty, Westmoreland county. Argued by Cowan for plaintiff in error, and by Laird, contra.

Court then adjourned until ten o'clock Monday morning.

District Court—Judges Hampton and Kirkpatrick.

SATURDAY, October 30.—No business of importance transacted.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY.

125. Friend for use vs Ohlhausen gar.
135. Donahue vs. Pittsburgh, Allegheny & Manchester P. R. W. Co.
111. Roberts vs. Duff.
132. Ulsson vs. Weld.
133. Holmes vs. Rogers, et. al.
135. McMullen vs. Oliver.
137. Hirshauser vs. Maul.
138. Lycoming County Mutual Insurance Company vs. Thorn.

Common Pleas—Full Bench.

SATURDAY, October 30.—In the case of Davis vs. Finch & Co., previously reported, verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $1,185.68.

No other business of importance was transacted.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY.

179. Adams vs. Lipp.
188. Hoffman vs. Fisher.
199. Litch vs. Adell.
27. Forsythe, et ux., vs. Robson.
102. Shafler vs. Wolf.

Quarter Sessions—Full Bench.

SATURDAY, October 30.—Wm. Moore, convicted during the present term on two indictments, one for burglary and the other for larceny, was sentenced on the first case to three years' imprisonment in the Penitentiary, and for one year on the second.

Messrs. Swartzweider and Moreland, counsel for Nicholas Rollin, charged with the murder of James Laughran, made application to have him released on bail. The argument and evidence in the case will be heard Monday at nine o'clock A. M.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY.

338.	Com. vs.	Owen Kelly.
505.	"	Jessie Rollie and J. Donehue.
283.	"	Gottlieb Junker.
269.	"	James Closkey *et al.*
175.	"	Catharine Monaghan.
173.	"	A. Evensburgh and O. Schwartz (2 cases.)
72.	"	John Manning.
330.	"	James Smith.
284.	"	John A. Miller.
587.	"	James Foy.
542.	"	Michael Cannair.
515.	"	A. Roodelhlemer.
326.	"	Patrick Murphy *et al.*
118.	"	John Ryland.
595.	"	Charles Edwards.
558.	"	D. Reargon (2 cases.)
195.	"	R. W. Ramsey (3 cases.)
350.	"	W. n. Wilson and G. M. Myers.
314.	"	Henry Sizes.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

155.	Com. vs.	Sarah Johnston.
190.	"	Henry Pobbet, 3 cases.
229.	"	Stephen Hoffman.
411.	"	George Cochran, et al.
242.	"	Ann Scholton.
243.	"	Ann Shevlin.
249.	"	James McCallister.
255.	"	Wm. R. Lewis.
292.	"	Pat Murphy.
87.	"	Wm. Eberhart.
187.	"	C. Gorthman.
75.	"	J. Lollnk.
189.	"	Bernard Gray.
300.	"	George Hoffman.
543.	"	Nicholas Miller, 3 cases.
555.	"	Wm. H. Sturgeon.
560.	"	Peter Anburg.
562.	"	Owen Gallagher, 3 cases.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

266.	Com. vs.	George Young.
231.	"	Mary Joyce, 3 cases.
218.	"	Samuel and Augusta Hill.
220.	"	John Vohr.
187.	"	John Anderson.
209.	"	John Hatfield.
204.	"	S. Goldstein, 2 cases.
194.	"	Conrad Eberhart, 3 cases.
158.	"	Richard McGovern.
193.	"	Wm. Bechtold, 4 cases.
133.	"	James C. Dolan.
138.	"	G. W. McIntyre.
134.	"	Elijah Hall, 3 cases.
47.	"	Sebastian Gang.

Amusements.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.—Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams closed a highly successful engagement at the Opera House on Saturday evening. The audiences drawn at each of the several appearances were very large and select. To-night the Leffingwell, a prince of genuine humor, commences a week's engagement. He will appear as Clorinda—the gushing, voluptuous Clorinda, in the extravaganza of "Cinderella." Mrs Leffingwell, Miss Belle Hewitt and Millie Sackett appear with him in the cast.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—At the "Old Drury," this week, splendid special attractions will be offered. To night Miss Rita Percy will appear in her unapproachable classical representations of draped statuary. George R. Edeson, an actor of note, will appear in a favorite part, and Miss Ada Wray, the accomplished songstress and soubrette, will contribute her share to the bill.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—"Mark Twain," the humorous American writer, will lecture to-night under the auspices of the Mercantile Library Association. The seats are not reserved, so that those who desire good places, should be promptly on hand. When the doors are thrown open. It is needless to speak of Mark Twain's claims on the people, as his name in these parts as well as throughout the entire country is held to be synonomous with genuine wit and humor. We anticipate to-night one of the largest audiences ever assembled at the Academy.

ST. BRIDGET'S FAIR.—The Fair and Festival for the benefit of St. Bridget's Church, now being held in the church on Bedford avenue, is proving quite a success in part of attendance and attraction. It will be open every evening during the week.

MASONIC HALL.—Signor Blitz closed on Saturday at Masonic Hall, after a very profitable season. He is justly popular with our people, who have always a willing welcome to extend him.

Coroner's Business.

Coroner Clawson held eighteen inquests during the month of October, as follows:

Thos. Kennedy, accidentally drowned in the Ohio river at Saw Mill Run; Eddie Loos, a little boy accidentally shot and killed by a pistol in the hands of his brother, on Penn street; Catharine Black, death from dropsy caused by intemperance; Thomas Taggenon, suicide by shooting, at Birmingham; Rudolph Heskenmiller, killed by being struck with a bucket which fell upon him from the top of a well in Allegheny city; Jackson Kemp, a little boy, accidentally killed in the yard of the Pan Handle Railroad; Thomas Taggenon, killed by Nicholas Hoffman; Alex. Best, found drowned in the Allegheny river; Jno. Spetzel, a vagrant, death in the Birmingham lock-up from heart disease; an infant of Lizzie Lee, found dead on the farm of Nicholas Snyder, in Shaler township; Samuel Bennett, death from heart disease in the Fifteenth ward; Mrs. Annie Moore and the child Annie Johnson, run over and killed by a brewer's wagon on Fifth avenue; John Flinn, killed by being struck by an engine of the Fort Wayne & Allegheny; Manchester; John Formosa, killed by falling from the roof of the Diamond House, No. 23 Diamond, Allegheny; Mrs. Geiseman, killed by falling down a flight of stairs in Allegheny; Thos. Thomas, death from congestion of the brain at Birmingham; an infant son of Patrick Howley, death from exposure at East Birmingham. Total 18.

The Purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it can take none other. Ask for "Hazard and Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York Sold by all druggists.

The Weed Sewing Machine.—The agency of this great triumph of mechanical ingenuity has been assumed by Messrs. John Biggert & Son, who will give it their personal attention, and parties having business dealings with them will find them polite, attentive and accommodating.

Real Estate.—See advertisement of McClung & Rainbow, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue. 17

A REMONSTRANCE.

From the Colored Citizens of Pittsburgh to the Central Board of Education.

GENTLEMEN:—At a large meeting of the parents and tax-payers of this city, held in Wylie street Church, on Tuesday evening, October 19th, the undersigned committee of fifteen were appointed to present to you the following remonstrance and resolutions with reference to your action in regard to the school for colored children, situated on Miller street in this city,

According to the published report of the above mentioned meeting, the Board adopted a "report," made by the Committee on Colored Schools, recommending the sale of the Miller-street school house.

We do most earnestly but respectfully remonstrate against the sale of said property for the following reasons:

We need, and are justly entitled to this graded school, and the Miller street school house is favorably situated for that purpose, and should that school be broken up, even for the purpose of forming primary schools in other parts of the city, we believe that an irreparable injury will be done to the educational interests of that class for whose benefit the school was established. We further beg leave to remind the Board, that if we have no graded school there can be no possiby of our children qualifying themselves for entrance into the High School.

But although it cannot fail to be apparent that such an injurious effect as we have stated would certainly follow the consummation of your proposed action, yet we wish it to be distinctly understood that we do not believe that such is the intention of the Central Board of Education of the Christian and Republican city of Pittsburgh. We would further state that it would be but common justice, not to say humanity, if the Board should open other schools for colored children, so that they will not be compelled to travel from Lawrenceville to the Point, passing a half dozen ward schools in their way to Miller street.

We also beg leave to state that we believe that when the strong prejudices of a Christian people lead them to act in a manner that is at variance with the Golden Rule, and repugnant to the spirit of our free institutions, that it is but reasonable that they should be well rebuked for the prompt manner, at their old rates. oct6;tol

ISSUED THIS DAY.

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE.

THE NOVEMBER NUMBER.

With Two Fine Full-Page Engravings,

CONTAINING

SIXTEEN INTERESTING ARTICLES.

For Sale at all the Book and News-Stores. Yearly subscriptions, $4. Single Numbers, 35 cents.

SPECIAL PREMIUM.—The numbers of Lippincott's Magazine for 1869, from July, contain the first part of Mrs. Mayo's story, which will be issued as a separate volume in October, and will be furnished gratis to all new subscribers for 1870, between this date and December 1st.

Lippincott's Magazine, with Sunday Magazine, $5.50. Lippincott's Magazine and Every Saturday, $5.50.

SPECIAL TERMS to clubs, with Premium List, sent to any address free, on application to

J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO., Publishers, 715 and 717 Market street, Philadelphia.

APPLE PARERS.—I have a full assortment of Apple Paring, Coring and Slicing Machines, which I write all can find room for. THE PARING, CORING AND SLICING MACHINES, takes only three turns o the crank to pare, core, and slice an ordinary sized apple. It will pare without slicing or coring required.

Also, a full assortment of

Lightning & Turn Table Apple Parers.

For sale, wholesale and Retail, by

JAMES BOWN,

No. 136 WOOD STREET.

ROCK THE BABY

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

115 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. oct5

ALPERT & KOHLER,

Manufacturers and Dealers in BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS, No. 38 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Particular attention given to Custom Work.

We beg leave to direct the attention of the public to the fact that we are now prepared to furnish the best Boots and Shoes, manufactured with Corns, Bunions, or deformed feet, from measure, and being late residence of Esther Stockton, dec'd. This property fronts on the Allegheny Park, and for beauty of location and surroundings cannot be excelled. For terms of sale and further information, enquire of

THOMAS B. UPDIKE,
No. 209 Beaver Avenue.

FOR SALE.—A Very Desirable TRACT OF LAND, containing about 46 acres, situate in Ross township, about two minutes walk from Ingram Station of the Panhandle Railroad; has a front of about 1,000 feet on a turnpike road. The soil is tillable or being cultivated, being rich bottom land and admirably adapted to being laid out into lots for sale, within a short period of less. Spring and well of water on the premises. Terms easy. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO.,
No. 104 Fourth Avenue.

VALUABLE LAWRENCEVILLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—167 feet front on Forty-Fourth street by 124 feet deep, on which is erected a two-story brick dwelling house, with seven rooms, hall, nine rooms, wash room and cellar, large garden, variety of choice fruits and shade trees. Also,